## IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

	§	
In re:	§	Chapter 11
	§	-
MEMORIAL PRODUCTION	§	Case No. 17()
PARTNERS LP, et al.,	§	
	§	(Joint Administration Requested)
Debtors. <sup>1</sup>	§	(Emergency Hearing Requested)
	§	

#### **EMERGENCY MOTION OF**

DEBTORS PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362, 363 AND 507, BANKRUPTCY RULES 2002, 4001, 6003, 6004, AND 9014 AND BANKRUPTCY LOCAL RULE 4001-1, INTER ALIA, (I) AUTHORIZING DEBTORS' LIMITED USE OF CASH COLLATERAL, (II) GRANTING ADEQUATE PROTECTION TO THE PREPETITION SECURED PARTIES, (III) MODIFYING THE AUTOMATIC STAY, AND (IV) SCHEDULING A FINAL HEARING

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, as applicable, are: Memorial Production Partners LP (6667); Memorial Production Partners GP LLC; MEMP Services LLC (1887); Memorial Production Operating LLC; Memorial Production Finance Corporation (3356); WHT Energy Partners LLC; WHT Carthage LLC; Memorial Midstream LLC; Beta Operating Company, LLC; Columbus Energy, LLC; Rise Energy Operating, LLC; Rise Energy Minerals, LLC; Rise Energy Beta, LLC; San Pedro Bay Pipeline Company (1234); and Memorial Energy Services LLC. The Debtors' mailing address is 500 Dallas Street, Suite 1600, Houston, Texas 77002.

THIS MOTION SEEKS AN ORDER THAT MAY ADVERSELY AFFECT YOU. IF YOU OPPOSE THE MOTION, YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY CONTACT THE MOVING PARTY TO RESOLVE THE DISPUTE. IF YOU AND THE MOVING PARTY CANNOT AGREE, YOU MUST FILE A RESPONSE AND SEND A COPY TO THE MOVING PARTY. YOU MUST FILE AND SERVE YOUR RESPONSE WITHIN 21 DAYS OF THE DATE THIS WAS SERVED ON YOU. YOUR RESPONSE MUST STATE WHY THE MOTION SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED. IF YOU DO NOT FILE A TIMELY RESPONSE, THE RELIEF MAY BE GRANTED WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO YOU. IF YOU OPPOSE THE MOTION AND HAVE NOT REACHED AN AGREEMENT, YOU MUST ATTEND THE HEARING. UNLESS THE PARTIES AGREE OTHERWISE, THE COURT MAY CONSIDER EVIDENCE AT THE HEARING AND MAY DECIDE THE MOTION AT THE HEARING.

#### REPRESENTED PARTIES SHOULD ACT THROUGH THEIR ATTORNEY.

EMERGENCY RELIEF HAS BEEN REQUESTED. IF THE COURT CONSIDERS THE MOTION ON AN EMERGENCY BASIS, THEN YOU WILL HAVE LESS THAN 21 DAYS TO ANSWER. IF YOU OBJECT TO THE REQUESTED RELIEF OR IF YOU BELIEVE THAT THE EMERGENCY CONSIDERATION IS NOT WARRANTED, YOU SHOULD FILE AN IMMEDIATE RESPONSE.

THIS IS A MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM THE AUTOMATIC STAY. IF IT IS GRANTED, THE MOVANT MAY ACT OUTSIDE OF THE BANKRUPTCY PROCESS. IF YOU DO NOT WANT THE STAY LIFTED, IMMEDIATELY CONTACT THE MOVING PARTY TO SETTLE. IF YOU CANNOT SETTLE, YOU MUST FILE A RESPONSE AND COPY TO THE MOVING PARTY AT LEAST 7 DAYS BEFORE THE HEARING. IF YOU CANNOT SETTLE, YOU MUST ATTEND THE HEARING. EVIDENCE MAY BE OFFERED AT THE HEARING AND THE COURT MAY RULE.

Memorial Production Partners LP ("MEMP") and its debtor affiliates in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (the "Cases"), as debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors"), respectfully represent as follows in support of this motion (this "Motion"):

#### **Relief Requested**

1. Pursuant to sections 105, 361, 362, 363 and 507 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"), Rules 2002, 4001, 6003, 6004, and 9014 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), Rule 4001-1 of the Bankruptcy Local Rules for the Southern District of Texas (the "Bankruptcy Local Rules"), and the Procedures for Complex Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Cases (the "Complex Case Procedures")

promulgated by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas (the "Court"), the Debtors request:

- a. authorization for the Debtors, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105, 361, 362, 363 and 507 to (i) use cash collateral, as such term is defined in section 363(a) of the Bankruptcy Code ("Cash Collateral"), and all other Prepetition Collateral, solely in accordance with the terms of the interim order (the "Interim Order"), including the 13-week cash disbursements and receipts budget annexed thereto (as such budget may be modified from time to time by the Debtors with the prior written consent of the Prepetition Agent as set forth in the Interim Order, the "Budget"), and (ii) provide adequate protection to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (the "Prepetition Agent") under the Prepetition Credit Agreement (as defined herein), and the other Prepetition Secured Parties (as defined herein);
- b. subject to entry of the Final Order (as defined herein), authorization to grant adequate protection liens on the proceeds and property recovered in respect of the Debtors' claims and causes of action (but not on the actual claims and causes of action) arising under Bankruptcy Code sections 544, 545, 547, 548, 549 and 550 or any other similar state or federal law (collectively, the "**Avoidance Actions**");
- c. modification of the automatic stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent necessary to implement and effectuate the terms and provisions of the Interim Order and the Final Order;
- d. subject to entry of the Final Order, except to the extent of the Carve Out (as defined herein), the waiver of all rights to surcharge any Prepetition Collateral or Collateral (as defined herein) under sections 506(c) or 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable principle of equity or law;
- e. that this Court hold an interim hearing (the "Interim Hearing") to consider the relief sought herein and entry of the proposed Interim Order;
- f. that this Court schedule a final hearing (the "**Final Hearing**") to consider entry of a final order (the "**Final Order**") granting the relief requested in this Motion on a final basis; and
- g. waiver of any applicable stay with respect to the effectiveness and enforceability of the Interim Order or the Final Order (including a waiver pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h)).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Interim Order.

- 2. A proposed form of Interim Order granting the relief requested herein is annexed hereto as **Exhibit A**.
  - 3. The Budget is annexed to the Interim Order as **Exhibit A**.
- 4. A copy of the Attorney Checklist Concerning Motion and Order Pertaining to Use of Cash Collateral (the "Attorney Checklist") is annexed hereto as **Exhibit B**.

#### **Bankruptcy Rule 4001 Summary**

5. In accordance with Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b)(1)(B) and 4001(d)(1)(B) and the Complex Case Procedures, the following table summarizes the material terms of the Interim Order:<sup>3</sup>

Material Terms	Summary of Material Terms
Parties asserting an Interest in Cash Collateral Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(i)	The Prepetition Secured Parties. See ¶ B.
Purposes for Use of Cash Collateral Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(ii)	The Debtors can use cash collateral in the amount and in the manner set forth in the Budget (as may be modified from time to time by the Debtors with the prior written consent of the Prepetition Agent) for working capital, general corporate purposes, and costs of administering the Cases. <i>See</i> ¶¶ G, 2, 17(b).
Budget Provisions Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	Permitted Deviation. Notwithstanding the Budget, so long as the Termination Date has not occurred, the Debtors are authorized to use Cash Collateral in an amount that would not cause the Debtors to use Cash Collateral for (x) disbursements and capital expenditures on line items 4-8 of the Budget (the "Total Disbursements"), taken together, in an aggregate amount not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of Total Disbursements budgeted during the Budget Period then in effect, and (y) actual expenditures of the Debtors for each line item in the Budget (other than Total Disbursements) in an amount not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the budgeted amount for each such line item during the Budget Period (each of (x) and (y), a "Permitted Deviation"). With respect to the foregoing clause (y), in the event that the forecasted amount of Total Disbursements in the Budget exceeds the amount actually paid in respect of Total Disbursements during such Budget Period, the Debtors can use Cash Collateral in such amount toward Total Disbursements during any subsequent budget period.  Non-Conforming Use. The Prepetition Agent may, in its sole discretion, agree in writing to the use of the Cash Collateral (i) in a manner or amount which does not conform to the Budget (other than Permitted Deviations) (each such approved non-conforming use of Cash Collateral, a "Non-Conforming Use") or (ii) for the period following the extension of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the applicable provisions of the Interim Order. To the extent there are any inconsistencies between this summary and the provisions of the Interim Order, the provisions of the Interim Order shall control. Any capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this summary shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Interim Order.

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#### Expiration Date (as defined below) (such period, the "Subsequent Budget Period"). If such written consent is given, the Debtors shall be authorized pursuant to the Interim Order to expend Cash Collateral for any such Non-Conforming Use or any such Subsequent Budget Period in accordance with a subsequent Budget (a "Subsequent Budget") without further Court approval, and the Prepetition Secured Parties shall be entitled to all of the protections specified in the Interim Order for any such use of Cash Collateral. See $\P$ 2. **Duration of Use of** The Debtors' right to use the Cash Collateral pursuant to the Interim Order shall terminate (the date of any such termination, the "Termination Date") without further notice or court Cash Collateral / **Termination Date** proceeding on the earliest to occur of: (i) the date that is forty (40) days after the Petition Fed. R. Bankr. P. Date if the Final Order has not been entered by this Court on or before such date; (ii) the date 4001(b)(1)(B)(iii) that is ninety (90) days after the Petition Date (the "Expiration Date") (which date may be extended with the consent of the Debtors and the Prepetition Agent, in the exercise of their respective sole discretion without further Court approval upon the filing of a notice on the docket of the Cases setting forth the new Expiration Date); (iii) the occurrence of any of the events set forth in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), or (o) of paragraph 9 of the Interim Order; and (iv) five (5) business days following the delivery of a Default Notice by the Prepetition Agent (any such five-business-day period of time, the "Default Notice **Period**") that provides notice of the occurrence and continuance of any of the events set forth in clauses (e), (f), (g), (h), or (n) of paragraph 9 of the Interim Order (unless such occurrence and continuance is cured by the Debtors during the Default Notice Period or waived by the Prepetition Agent in its sole discretion). The Debtors are entitled to continue using Cash Collateral during a Default Notice Period. Nothing in the Interim Order prohibits any party from seeking non-consensual use of Cash Collateral on a hearing on shortened notice following the Termination Date or during the Default Notice Period, and the Prepetition Agent and Prepetition Secured Parties reserve all rights to oppose such relief on any and all grounds. See ¶ 9. **Termination** The "Termination Events" include: **Events** (a) The entry of an order or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking entry of an Fed. R. Bankr. P. order dismissing these Cases or converting these Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the 4001(b)(1)(B)(iii) Bankruptcy Code: (b) The entry of an order granting relief from the automatic stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code to any entity other than the Prepetition Agent or the Prepetition Secured Parties with respect to the Prepetition Collateral or the Collateral having an aggregate value in excess of \$2,000,000 without the written consent of the Prepetition Agent, which consent may be withheld in its sole discretion; (c) The appointment or election of, or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking the appointment or election of, a trustee, examiner with expanded powers, or any other representative with expanded powers relating to the operation of the businesses in the Cases: (d) The occurrence of the effective date or consummation date of a chapter 11 plan for the Debtors; (e) The failure by the Debtors to make any payment required pursuant to the Interim Order when due: The failure by the Debtors to deliver to the Prepetition Agent any of the documents or other information required to be delivered pursuant to the Interim Order when due or any such documents or other information shall contain a material misrepresentation; (g) The failure by the Debtors to adhere to the Budget or Subsequent Budget, as applicable, except, in each instance, with respect to Permitted Deviations or Non-Conforming Uses; (h) The failure by the Debtors to observe or perform any of the material terms or material provisions contained in the Interim Order; The Debtors shall create, incur or suffer to exist any postpetition liens or security interests other than: (i) those granted pursuant to the Interim Order, (ii) those granted

pursuant to the interim or final orders granting the Emergency Motion of Debtors

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 362, 363 and 364, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 4001, 6003, 6004, and 9014, and Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, Authorizing the Debtors to (i) Enter into Amended and Restated Swap Agreements, (ii) Grant Liens and Superpriority Claims, and Honor Obligations Thereunder, and (iii) Granting Related Relief (the "Hedging Orders"), and (iii) carriers', mechanics', operator's, warehousemen's, repairmen's or other similar liens arising in the ordinary course of business having a value of less than \$5,000,000 in the aggregate at any one time (excluding any such lien for which the underlying claim is paid in the ordinary course of the Debtors' business and does not have any past due amounts);

- (j) The Debtors shall create, incur or suffer any other claim which is *pari passu* with or senior to the Adequate Protection Claims (other those granted by the Hedging Orders);
- (k) The filing by any Debtor of any motion, pleading, application or adversary proceeding challenging the validity, enforceability, perfection or priority of the liens securing the Prepetition Indebtedness or asserting any other cause of action against and/or with respect to the Prepetition Indebtedness, the Prepetition Collateral securing the Prepetition Indebtedness or any of the Prepetition Secured Parties (or if the Debtors support any such motion, pleading, application or adversary proceeding commenced by any third party);
- (l) The sale or transfer of any assets of any Debtor, or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking approval of the sale or transfer, of any Collateral other than in accordance with the Other Covenants and the Asset Sale Covenants (each as defined below) in the Interim Order;
- (m) The termination of certain Plan Support Agreement, dated as of January 13, 2017, among the Debtors and the Prepetition Secured Parties (the "**RBL Plan Support Agreement**");
- (n) The termination of certain Plan Support Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2016, among the Debtors and certain holders of the Debtors' senior notes (the "Noteholder Plan Support Agreement"); and
- (o) The entry of an order or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking entry of an order reversing, staying, vacating or otherwise modifying in any material respect the terms of the Interim Order, without the consent of the Prepetition Agent.  $See \ \P 9$ .

Liens, Cash Payments or Adequate Protection Provided for Use of Cash Collateral Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(iv) As adequate protection for, and to secure payment of an amount equal to, any Collateral Diminution,<sup>4</sup> and as an inducement to the Prepetition Secured Parties to permit the Debtors' use of the Cash Collateral, the Debtors will grant the following (the "Adequate Protection Package"):

Adequate Protection Liens. Effective as of the Petition Date, subject to the Carve Out (as defined herein), the Debtors will grant to the Prepetition Agent, for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties, automatically perfected adequate protection security interests and liens (the "Adequate Protection Liens"), including

- (i) a valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, fully-perfected first priority senior priming security interest in, and lien on, the Prepetition Collateral and all other property of the Debtors, now owned and hereafter acquired, other than causes of action under the Bankruptcy Code (but, subject to entry of a Final Order, including the proceeds or property recovered in respect of Avoidance Actions (as defined herein)), subject only to (a) the Carve Out (as defined herein), (b) valid, perfected and enforceable prepetition liens and security interests (if any) which are senior in priority to the Prepetition Secured Parties' liens or security interests as of the Petition Date, and (c) valid and unavoidable liens in existence immediately prior to the Petition Date that are perfected subsequent to the Petition Date as permitted by section 546(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, and
- (ii) a valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, fully-perfected junior-priority lien on and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> "Collateral Diminution" means an amount equal to the decrease in the value of the Prepetition Collateral (including Cash Collateral) from and after the Petition Date, resulting from the use, sale, or lease of such Prepetition Collateral (including Cash Collateral), or the imposition of the automatic stay.

security interest in all other prepetition and postpetition property of the Debtors (other than the property described in clause (i) above), now owned and hereafter acquired, subject only to (i) the Carve Out, (b) valid, perfected and unavoidable liens (if any) in existence immediately prior to the Petition Date which are senior to the Prepetition Secured Parties' liens or security interests, and (c) valid and unavoidable liens in existence immediately prior to the Petition Date that are perfected subsequent to the Petition Date as permitted by section 546(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

Adequate Protection Claims. The Debtors will grant to the Prepetition Agent, for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties, an allowed superpriority administrative expense claim against each of the Debtors on a joint and several basis (the "Adequate Protection Claims") with priority over any and all other administrative expense claims against the Debtors (subject only to the Carve Out), including all claims of the kind specified under sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, payable from all prepetition and postpetition property of the Debtors (including, subject to entry of the Final Order, the proceeds or property recovered in respect of any Avoidance Actions).

Adequate Protection Payments. The Debtors will provide adequate protection payments (the "Adequate Protection Payments") on the last business day of each calendar month in an amount equal to all accrued and unpaid prepetition and postpetition interest, fees, and costs under the Prepetition Credit Agreement. During the first ninety days after the Petition Date, these amounts will be paid at the LIBOR Market Index Rate (as defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement) plus 3.25% (the "LIBOR Index Rate") and, on the ninety-first day after the Petition Date and thereafter, will be paid based on the Alternate Base Rate (as defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement) plus 2.25% (the "ABR Rate"). So long as the RBL Plan Support Agreement has not been terminated, the Prepetition Secured Lenders' claims for the difference between the ABR Rate and the LIBOR Index Rate (the "Rate Differential") will be waived on the plan effective date; *provided*, *however*, in the event the RBL Plan Support Agreement is terminated, the Prepetition Secured Parties reserve all rights to seek cash payment of the Rate Differential and/or additional interest from and after the Petition Date at the post-default rate of two percent (2%) as provided in Section 3.02(c) of the Prepetition Credit Agreement, and the Debtors reserve the right to object to such claims.

Other Covenants. The Debtors will provide certain other covenants (the "Other Covenants"); namely, the Debtors will: (i) maintain their cash management arrangements in a manner consistent with the interim order granting their first day cash management motion; (ii) not use, sell or lease any assets valued in excess of \$5,000,000 in the aggregate outside the ordinary course of business, or seek authority of the Court to do any of the foregoing, without prior consultation with the Prepetition Agent at least five (5) days prior to the date on which the Debtors seek the authority of the Court for such use, sale or lease; and (iii) comply with the covenants contained in Sections 8.06 and 8.07 of the Prepetition Credit Agreement regarding the maintenance and insurance of the Prepetition Collateral and the Collateral. The Debtors shall provide drafts of all material motions and other documents they intend to file with the Bankruptcy Court to counsel for the Prepetition Agent at least two calendar days prior to filing, if reasonably practicable, or otherwise as soon as practicable before filing.

<u>Fees, Expenses, and Disbursements</u>. The Debtors will pay certain eligible fees, expenses, and disbursements, including professionals' fees (the "Fees and Expenses"), incurred by (i) the Prepetition Secured Parties under the Prepetition Loan Documents and (ii) the Consenting and Continuing Hedging Lenders on or prior to the termination of the RBL Plan Support Agreement, in each case in accordance with the procedures in the Interim Order.

<u>Reporting</u>. The Debtors will comply with all reporting requirements set forth in the Prepetition Credit Agreement and provide various additional reports to the Prepetition Agent as set forth in the Interim Order (the "**Reporting Requirements**").

Swap Agreements. The Debtors will provide certain assurances with respect to their hedges (the "Swap Agreement Covenants"). In particular, the Debtors will not (i) change the material terms of any Swap Agreement, (ii) terminate or unwind any Swap Agreement, or (iii) create any off-setting positions in respect of any hedge positions under any such Swap

	Agreement, or seek authority of this Court to do any of the foregoing, without the prior
	written consent of the Prepetition Agent. If any Debtor receives cash proceeds as a result of
	any of the foregoing actions (other than on account monthly or other scheduled payments to
	the Debtors under any Swap Agreements that have not been terminated), then, the Debtors
	will pay such cash proceeds to the Prepetition Agent to be applied to reduce permanently the
	Prepetition Indebtedness.
	Asset Sales; Application of Proceeds. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Prepetition Agent in
	writing, all dispositions of Collateral shall be in exchange for 100% cash consideration, 100%
	of the net proceeds of which shall be applied to reduce permanently the Prepetition
	Indebtedness; provided that, if the Debtors sell or dispose of any Collateral valued in excess
	of \$5,000,000 in the aggregate outside of the ordinary course of business, in the sole
	discretion of the Prepetition Agent and consistent with the Prepetition Agent's normal and customary oil and gas lending criteria as it exists at the particular time, the Prepetition Agent
	may automatically reduce the borrowing base under the Exit Credit Facility in the amount
	determined to be the borrowing base value attributable to such sold or disposed Collateral
	(such requirements, the "Asset Sales Covenant"). See ¶ 3.
Negative Pledge	The Interim Order provides that Debtors shall not create, incur, or suffer to exist any
Fed. R. Bankr. P.	postpetition liens or security interests other than (i) those granted pursuant to the Interim
4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	Order, (ii) those granted pursuant to the Hedging Orders, and (iii) mechanics', carriers', and
	other similar liens having a value of less than \$5,000,000 at any one time (excluding any such
	lien for which the underlying claim is paid in the ordinary course of the Debtors' business
T •	and does not have any past due amounts). See ¶ 5.
Liens on	Subject to entry of the Final Order, the Prepetition Secured Parties' Adequate Protection Package will include liens on the proceeds and property recovered in respect of the Debtors'
Avoidance Actions Fed. R. Bankr. P.	claims and causes of action (but not on the actual claims and causes of action) arising under
4001(b)(1)(B)(iv)	Bankruptcy Code sections 544, 545, 547, 548, 549 and 550 or any other similar state or
1001(0)(1)(B)(11)	federal law (collectively, the "Avoidance Actions"). See ¶ 3.
Carve Out	The Interim Order provides a "Carve Out" of certain statutory fees and allowed professional
Fed. R. Bankr. P.	fees of the Debtors and any statutory committee appointed in the chapter 11 cases, including
4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	(i) Court and U.S. Trustee fees, (ii) up to \$50,000 incurred by a trustee under section 726(b)
	of the Bankruptcy Code, (iii) amounts set forth in the Budget for Professionals' fees incurred
	prior to the delivery of a Carve Out Notice, and (iv) up to \$2.5 million in Professionals' fees
Waiver or	incurred following delivery of a Carve Out Notice. See ¶ 6.  The automatic stay under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code will be (i) on and after the
Modification of	Termination Date, deemed modified and vacated to the extent necessary to permit the
the Automatic	Prepetition Agent, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Interim Order, absent
Stay	further order of the Court, to exercise the rights and remedies available under the Prepetition
Fed. R. Bankr. P.	Loan Documents, the Interim Order or applicable law, including, without limitation,
4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	foreclosing upon and selling all or a portion of the Prepetition Collateral or Collateral in order
	to collect any amounts payable to the Prepetition Secured Parties pursuant to the Interim
	Order and apply the same to such obligations, and (ii) modified to permit the Debtors and
	each of the Prepetition Secured Parties to perform transactions and actions contemplated
Section 506(a)	under the Interim Order. See ¶¶ 9, 12.  Subject to entry of the Final Order, all rights to surcharge any Prepetition Collateral or
Section 506(c) Waiver	Collateral under section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable principle of
Fed. R. Bankr. P.	equity or law are waived. See ¶ 10.
4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	equity of the marrow boo grown
<b>Section 552(b)(1)</b>	Subject to entry of the Final Order, the "equities of the case" exception under section
Waiver	552(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code shall not apply to the Prepetition Agent and the Prepetition
Fed. R. Bankr. P.	Secured Parties with respect to proceeds, products, offspring, rents and profits of any of the
4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	Prepetition Collateral or the Collateral. See ¶ 21.
No Marshaling	Neither the Prepetition Agent nor the Prepetition Secured Parties shall be subject to the
Fed. R. Bankr. P.	equitable doctrine of "marshaling" or any other similar doctrine with respect to any of the
4001(b)(1)(B)(iii) <b>Payment of</b>	Prepetition Collateral or Collateral, as applicable. See ¶ 23.  So long as (i) the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement has not been terminated and (ii) the
1 ayment of	30 long as (1) the proteindider Fran Support Agreement has not been terminated and (11) the

Certain Ad Hoc Group Fees, Reporting Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(iii) Determination	Termination Date hereunder has not occurred, the Debtors will (i) pay the reasonable and documented fees and out of pocket expenses of certain Ad Hoc Group professionals, subject to the procedures set forth in the Interim Order, and (ii) provide the Ad Hoc Group with reporting materials and other rights provided to the Prepetition Agent pursuant to the Interim Order. See ¶ 24, 25.  Subject to challenge by parties in interest pursuant to paragraph 17 of the Interim Order, the
Regarding Claim Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	Debtors admit, stipulate and agree to the amount and validity of claims relating to the Prepetition Indebtedness and the validity and priority of the liens securing such claims. <i>See</i> ¶ C, D.
Release, Waivers or Limitation on any Claim or Cause of Action Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	Subject to challenge by parties in interest pursuant to paragraph 17 of the Interim Order, each of the Debtors and the Debtors' estates waives and releases (1) all claims and causes of action relating to any of the Prepetition Collateral and any of the Prepetition Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated under such documents that exist on the date of entry of the Interim Order and (2) any and all claims and causes of action regarding the validity, priority, perfection or avoidability of the liens or the claims of the Prepetition Agent and the other Prepetition Secured Parties in the Prepetition Collateral. All parties in interest other than the Debtors reserve the right to seek recharacterization of any adequate protection payments as payments of principal. See ¶ F, 17.
Challenge Period Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(b)(1)(B)(iii)	The Debtors' acknowledgements, stipulations, and releases shall be binding on the Debtors, and also on each of the Debtors' estates, all creditors thereof and each of the respective representatives, successors and assigns, including, without limitation, any trustee or other representative appointed in these Cases unless (1) a party has properly filed an adversary proceed or contested matter by no later than the date that is (i) in the case of any party in interest other than members of the Ad Hoc Group, the earlier of (a) the last day for filing objections to confirmation of a chapter 11 plan in any of the Cases and (b) 60 days from the date of entry of the Interim Order; or (ii) in the case of the members of the Ad Hoc Group, only if Noteholder Plan Support Agreement is terminated, the earlier of (a) the last day for filing objections to confirmation of a chapter 11 plan in any of the Cases and (b) 10 days following termination of the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement, (x) challenging the amount, validity, enforceability, priority or extent of the Prepetition Indebtedness or the Prepetition Secured Parties' security interests in and liens upon the Prepetition Collateral, or (y) otherwise asserting any claims or causes of action against the Prepetition Secured Parties on behalf of the Debtors' estates, and (2) the Court rules in favor of the plaintiff in any such filed adversary proceeding or contested matter. See ¶ 17.

#### **Statement Regarding Significant Provisions**

6. The Interim Order contains certain of the provisions (the "Significant

**Provisions**")<sup>5</sup> identified on Exhibit B to the Complex Case Procedures, as set forth below:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Significant Provisions refer to those provisions that: (a) grant cross-collateralization protection (other than replacement liens or other adequate protection) to prepetition secured creditors; (b) deem prepetition secured debt to be postpetition debt or that use postpetition loans from a prepetition secured creditor to pay part or all of that secured creditor's prepetition debt, other than as provided in section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code; (c) bind the bankruptcy estates or any parties in interest with respect to the validity, perfection, or amount of the secured creditor's prepetition lien or debt or the waiver of claims against the secured creditor; (d) waive or limit the estate's rights under section 506(c) of the bankruptcy code; (e) grant prepetition secured creditors liens on the debtor's claims and causes of action arising under chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code; (f) impose deadlines for the filing of a plan or disclosure statement; and (g) grant an administrative claim.

- a. *Cross-Collateralization*. Neither the Interim Order nor the proposed Final Order provide for cross-collateralization, other than replacement liens as adequate protection.
- b. Validity, Perfection, and Amount of Prepetition Liens and Debt. The Debtors acknowledge, agree, admit, and stipulate to various matters, including the amount and validity of the Prepetition Indebtedness and the validity, perfection, and priority of the liens securing such indebtedness. See Interim Order ¶¶ C, D. The stipulations set forth in paragraphs C and D of the Interim Order are binding on the Debtors and are binding on all other parties in interest for all purposes, subject to the reservation of third party rights in paragraph 17 of the Interim Order. See id. ¶ 17.
- c. Waiver of Claims Against Secured Creditors. Subject to the entry of the Final Order, each of the Debtors and the Debtors' estates waives and releases various parties, including the Prepetition Secured Parties, of all Claims (as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code), counterclaims, causes of action, defenses or setoff rights that exist on the date of entry of the Interim Order relating to any of the Prepetition Collateral and any of the Prepetition Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated under such documents. See id. ¶ F. The waivers and releases set forth in paragraph F to the Interim Order are binding on the Debtors and shall be binding on any all other parties in interest, subject to the reservation of third party rights in paragraph 17 of the Interim Order. See id. ¶ 17.
- d. *506(c) Waiver*. Subject to entry of the Final Order, all rights to surcharge any Prepetition Collateral or Collateral under section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable principle of equity or law shall be waived, and such waiver shall be binding upon the Debtors and all parties in interest in the Cases. *See id.* ¶ 10.
- e. *Liens on Avoidance Actions*. Neither the proposed Interim Order nor the proposed Final Order will grant a lien on Avoidance Actions; however, the proposed Final Order will grant a lien on the proceeds or property recovered in respect of such actions.
- f. *Provisions Deeming Prepetition Debt to be Postpetition Debt*. Neither the proposed Interim Order nor the proposed Final Order will deem prepetition secured debt to be postpetition debt.
- g. *Provisions Imposing Plan or Disclosure Statement Filing Deadlines*. Neither the proposed Interim Order nor the proposed Final Order directly impose deadlines with respect to the filing of a plan of reorganization or disclosure statement. However, one of the Termination Events under the proposed Interim Order and proposed Final Order is the termination of the RBL Plan Support Agreement, which can terminate if various milestones are not satisfied. Specifically, the RBL Plan Support Agreements provides that it will

- terminate one (1) business day following delivery of a written notice from the Prepetition Agent after (i) the Debtors have not obtained approval of the Disclosure Statement within fifty-five (55) calendar days of the Petition Date or (ii) the Court has not entered the Confirmation Order within ninety (90) days of the Petition Date.
- h. *Provisions Granting Administrative Claims*. The Debtors will provide an allowed superpriority administrative claim against each of the Debtors on a joint and several basis with priority over all other administrative claims (subject only to the Carve Out), including all claims of the kind specified under sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, which administrative claim shall have recourse to and be payable from all property of the Debtors including, without limitation, subject to entry of the Final Order, the proceeds or property recovered in respect of any Avoidance Actions. *See id.* ¶ 3(a)(i).
- i. Payment of Certain Ad Hoc Group Fees and Expenses. So long as (i) the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement has not been terminated and (ii) the Termination Date has not occurred under the Interim Order, the Debtors will pay the reasonable and documented fees and out of pocket expenses of certain Ad Hoc Group professionals, subject to the procedures set forth in the Interim Order, and also provide the Ad Hoc Group with certain reporting materials also provided by the Debtors to the Prepetition Agent. See id. ¶ 24, 25.
- 7. As explained below and in the Stillwell Declaration (as defined herein), Debtors' use of Cash Collateral is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm. The Debtors have determined, in an exercise of their business judgment and following weeks of good-faith, arms' length negotiations, that the Prepetition Secured Parties would only consent to the Debtors' use of Cash Collateral if the Interim Order and Final Order included the foregoing Significant Provisions. Accordingly, the Debtors submit that the foregoing Significant Provisions are appropriate under the facts and circumstances of the Cases.

#### Jurisdiction

8. This Court has jurisdiction to consider this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Order of Reference to Bankruptcy Judges*, General Order 2012-6 (S.D. Tex. May 24, 2012) (Hinojosa, C.J.). This is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b). Venue is proper before this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.

#### **Background**

- 9. On the date hereof (the "**Petition Date**"), each of the Debtors commenced with this Court a voluntary case under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code. The Debtors continue to operate their business and manage their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee, examiner, or statutory committee of creditors has been appointed in these chapter 11 cases. Contemporaneously herewith, the Debtors have filed a motion requesting joint administration of these chapter 11 cases pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 1015(b) Bankruptcy Local Rule 1015-1.
- 10. Additional information regarding the circumstances leading to the commencement of these chapter 11 cases and information regarding the Debtors' business and capital structure is set forth in the *Declaration of Robert L. Stillwell, Jr. in Support of the Debtors' Chapter 11 Petitions and Related Requests for Relief* (the "Stillwell Declaration"), which has been filed contemporaneously herewith.

#### The Debtors' Prepetition Secured Indebtedness

11. Prior to the Petition Date, the Prepetition Secured Parties (as defined herein) made certain loans and other financial accommodations pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain *Credit Agreement*, dated as of December 14, 2011 (as heretofore amended, restated, or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Prepetition Credit Agreement," and, together with all other documentation executed in connection therewith, including the Guaranty Agreement, the Prepetition Collateral Documents (as such terms are defined herein) and the other Loan Documents (as such term is defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement), the "Prepetition Loan Documents," and the revolving credit facility thereunder, the "Prepetition Credit Facility"), among, *inter alia*, Memorial Production

Operating LLC, as borrower, MEMP, as parent guarantor, the Prepetition Agent, the lenders from time to time party thereto, and the other parties thereto (such lenders, the "**Prepetition Secured Lenders**," and, together with the Prepetition Agent, the "Issuing Bank", and each "Bank Products Provider", "Secured Swap Provider" and "Indemnified Party" (as such terms are defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement), collectively, the "**Prepetition Secured Parties**").

12. The Prepetition Credit Agreement provides for a \$2 billion maximum reserve-based revolving credit facility with a current borrowing base of \$457.2 million. As of the Petition Date, the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Prepetition Credit Agreement is approximately \$454.8 million in unpaid principal and \$2.4 million of outstanding letters of credit, plus any applicable interest, fees, and other amounts (the "Prepetition Credit Facility Obligations"). Pursuant to that certain Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011, by and among the Debtors, as grantors, and the Prepetition Agent, as administrative agent, each of the Debtors granted a first-priority lien on substantially all of its property and the proceeds of such property (the "Prepetition Collateral") in favor of the Prepetition Agent, for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties. Pursuant to that certain Guaranty Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (as amended, modified (by joinder thereto or otherwise) or otherwise supplemented from time to time), the Debtors, other than the Borrower, guaranteed the Indebtedness (as such term is defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement), including the obligations of the Borrower under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the other Prepetition Loan Documents.

#### The Debtors' Immediate Need for Access to Cash Collateral

13. The Debtors require immediate access to liquidity to ensure that they are able to continue operating during these chapter 11 cases and to preserve the value of their estates

for the benefit of all parties in interest. Substantially all of the Debtors' total cash on hand as of the Petition Date, approximately \$31.5 million, is subject to the liens of the Prepetition Secured Parties and thus constitutes Cash Collateral.<sup>6</sup> The Debtors have determined that this existing cash, together with cash generated from operations, will be sufficient to operate their business and continue paying their debts as they come due.

14. Without a prompt grant of authority to use their cash according to these terms, the Debtors will be unable to satisfy trade payables incurred in the ordinary course of business, preserve and maximize the value of their estates, or administer these chapter 11 cases, which would cause immediate and irreparable harm to the value of the Debtors' estates to the detriment of all stakeholders. Conversely, immediate access to Cash Collateral will permit the Debtors to operate as they did prepetition and will restore the confidence of their vendors, customers, employees, and other stakeholders at this critical stage of their restructuring. Accordingly, the use of Cash Collateral in accordance with the terms of the Interim Order is essential to the Debtors' ability to minimize disruptions and avoid irreparable harm to their business.

#### **The Debtors Proposed Use of Cash Collateral**

15. Initially, the Debtors seek authority to use Cash Collateral for the first forty (40) days after the Petition Date (if the Final Order has not been entered by the Court on or before such date) (the "<u>Interim Period</u>"). During this Interim Period, the Debtors will fund operations as they did prior to the commencement of these cases, as well as the costs of administering their estates, in accordance with the Budget. Thereafter, the Debtors seek

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Debtors also have access to approximately \$8.6 million in cash held by non-debtor affiliates.

authority to use Cash Collateral in accordance with the Final Order, a proposed form of which will submitted to the Court before the Final Hearing on this Motion.

Secured Lenders, the Debtors have agreed to use Cash Collateral in accordance with the Budget (with Permitted Deviations). The Budget includes all reasonable and foreseeable expenses to be incurred by the Debtors for the applicable period, and is designed to provide the Debtors with adequate liquidity over such period. Prior to the Termination Date, the Debtors' adherence to the Budget will be subject to a 15% variance, in the aggregate, for certain disbursements and capital expenditures constituting Total Disbursements and a 15% variance, per line item, for each other line item included in the Budget. Any Total Disbursements that are forecasted, but not actually paid, in a given Budget Period will carry forward and can be applied toward Total Disbursements in any Subsequent Budget Period. The Debtors propose to provide the Prepetition Agent with Budget-related reporting on a weekly basis and propose a new Budget (which will include an updated, rolling 13-week cash flow forecast) on a monthly basis.

#### The Use of Cash Collateral Pursuant to the Consensual Terms of the Interim Order Is Warranted and Should Be Approved.

17. The arrangements for the consensual use of Cash Collateral authorized under the Interim Order represent a flexible, interim solution to the Debtors' near-term liquidity needs. The deal with the Prepetition Secured Parties, negotiated and struck in good faith and at arms' length, preserves the status quo while providing the Debtors with sufficient liquidity to fund their business and to pursue and consummate a successful restructuring. As discussed below and in the Stillwell Declaration, the consensual use of Cash Collateral on the terms set forth in the Interim Order is unquestionably the Debtors' best postpetition financing option available and should be approved by the Court.

### A. The Use of Cash Collateral Pursuant to the Consensual Terms of the Interim Order Is Warranted and Should Be Approved.

18. A debtor's use of property of the estate, including Cash Collateral, is governed by section 363 of the Bankruptcy Code. Under section 363(c)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, a debtor may use Cash Collateral if "(A) each entity that has an interest in such cash collateral consents; or (B) the court, after notice and a hearing, authorizes such use, sale, or lease in accordance with the provisions of this section." 11 U.S.C. § 363(c)(2). Section 363(e) of the Bankruptcy Code further provides that parties with a security interest in a debtor's Cash Collateral are entitled to adequate protection as a condition to the debtor's use of such assets. *Id.* § 363(e) ("[O]n request of an entity that has an interest in property . . . to be used, sold or leased, by the trustee, the court . . . shall prohibit or condition such use, sale or lease as is necessary to provide adequate protection of such interest."). The Debtors have satisfied the requirements of section 363(c)(2): the Prepetition Secured Parties have consented to the Debtors' use of Cash Collateral, subject to the terms of the Interim Order, and are adequately protected by the Adequate Protection Package granted therein.

19. The Bankruptcy Code does not expressly define "adequate protection" or proscribe a particular form that it must take. *See In re Las Torres Dev., L.L.C.*, 413 B.R. 687, 696–97 (Bankr. S.D. Tex. 2009) (noting that the Bankruptcy Code "contains no specific, definitive definition of adequate protection.") (citing *In re First S. Sav. Ass'n*, 820 F.2d 700, 710 (5th Cir.1987)); 11 U.S.C. § 361 (providing a non-exhaustive list of examples of adequate protection, including (i) a lump sum or periodic cash payments; (ii) replacement liens; and (iii) administrative priority claims). Generally, courts decide what constitutes adequate protection on a case-by-case basis. *See In re First S. Sav. Ass'n*, 820 F.2d at 710 (noting, with respect to adequate protection, that "[i]ts application is left to the vagaries of each case")

(quoting *In re Becker Indus.*, 58 B.R. 725, 736 (Bankr.S.D.N.Y.1986)); *Resolution Trust Corp. v. Swedeland Dev. Group, Inc.* (*In re Swedeland Dev. Group, Inc.*), 16 F.3d 552, 564 (3d Cir. 1994) ("[A] determination of whether there is adequate protection is made on a case by case basis."); *In re Mosello*, 195 B.R. 277, 289 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1996) ("[T]he determination of adequate protection is a fact specific inquiry[.]").

- 20. Here, the Debtors intend to provide the Prepetition Secured Parties with adequate protection, which includes (i) granting the Adequate Protection Liens and the Adequate Protection Claims, (ii) payment of the Adequate Protection Payments and the Fees and Expenses, and (iii) compliance with the Swap Agreement Covenants, the Asset Sales Covenant, the Other Covenants, and the Reporting Requirements. *See* Interim Order ¶ 3.
- 21. Courts in this district and others have approved similar adequate protection packages in recent chapter 11 cases. See, e.g., In re Stone Energy Corporation, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-36390 (MI) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Dec. 20, 2016), ECF No. 138; In re Sherwin Alumina Co., Ch. 11 Case No. 16-20012 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Sept. 26, 2016), ECF No. 76; In re LINN Energy, LLC, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-60040 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 13, 2016), ECF No. 89; In re Midstates Petroleum Co., Ch. 11 Case No. 16-32237 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 2, 2016), ECF No. 73; In re Energy XXI LTD, No. 16-31928 (DRJ) (Bankr. S. D. Tex. April 15, 2016), ECF No. 66; In re Buccaneer Resources, LLC, Ch. 11 Case No. 14-60041 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. June 4, 2015), ECF No. 42; see also In re Atlas Resource Partners, L.P., Ch. 11 Case No. 15-12149 (SHL), ECF No. 42 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Aug. 1, 2016); In re Paragon Offshore PLC, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-10386 (CSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Feb. 17, 2016), ECF No. 79; In re Energy & Exploration Partners, Inc., Ch. 11 Case No. 15-44931 (RFN) (Bankr. N. D. Tex. December 10, 2015), ECF No. 74; Offshore Grp. Inv. Ltd., Ch. 11 Case No. 15-12422 (BLS)

(Bankr. D. Del. Dec. 4, 2015), ECF No. 44; *In re Alco Stores, Inc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 14-34941 (SGJ) (Bankr. N. D. Tex. October 16, 2014), ECF No. 67; *In re Reddy Ice Holdings, Inc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 12-32349 (SGJ) (Bankr. N. D. Tex. April 13, 2012), ECF No. 58; *In re Texas Rangers Baseball Partners*, Ch. 11 Case No. 10-43400 (DML) (Bankr. N.D. Tex. May 26, 2010), ECF No. 51; *In re Pilgrim's Pride Corporation, et al.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 08-45664 (DML) (Bankr. N.D. Tex. Dec. 1, 2008), ECF No. 69.<sup>7</sup>

22. The Debtors believe that the proposed Adequate Protection Package is necessary and sufficient for the Debtors to continue to use Cash Collateral. Further, the Prepetition Secured Parties have agreed to the Adequate Protection Package provided in the Interim Order. Accordingly, the Court should determine that the Adequate Protection Package is fair and reasonable, necessary to satisfy the requirements of sections 363(c)(2) and 363(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, and in the best interests of the Debtors and their estates.

#### **B.** The Carve Out Is Appropriate

- 23. In consenting to the use of Cash Collateral, the Prepetition Secured Parties have agreed to subordinate all adequate protection liens and claims to certain fees and expenses required to be paid to the Clerk of the Court and the U.S. Trustee, any chapter 7 trustee that may be appointed (up to \$50,000), and certain professionals retained by the Debtors or any official committee of unsecured creditors appointed in these Cases (in an amounts set forth in the Budget prior to the first business day following delivery of a Carve Out Notice, and thereafter up to \$2,500,000). *See* Interim Order ¶ 6.
- 24. The Carve Out is similar to other provisions of this type, which have been found to be reasonable and necessary to ensure that a debtor's estate and any statutory committee

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Because of the voluminous nature of the orders cited herein, such orders are not attached to this motion. Copies of these orders are available upon request of the Debtors' proposed counsel.

can retain assistance from counsel. *See Ames Dep't Stores*, 115 B.R. 34, 40 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. 1990); *see also In re Las Torres Dev., L.L.C.*, 413 B.R. at 694 (noting that a carve out "is often incorporated into a cash collateral order agreed to by the debtor and the secured lender"); *In re Lil' Things, Inc.*, 243 B.R. 278, 280 (N.D. Tex. 2000) (referencing bankruptcy court order acknowledging that carve outs for attorneys' fees are "a normal and enforceable provision in a cash collateral stipulation").

- 25. Without the Carve Out, the Debtors' estates and other parties in interest may be deprived of possible rights and powers because all of the Debtors' assets would be subject to prior security interests. *See Ames Dep't Stores*, 115 B.R. at 38 (observing that courts insist on carve outs for professionals representing parties in interest because "[a]bsent such protection, the collective rights and expectations of all parties-in-interest are sorely prejudiced"). The Carve Out also protects against the possibility of administrative insolvency by ensuring that assets remain available for the payment of statutory and professional fees.
- Carve Out in connection with a debtor's request to use Cash Collateral. *See, e.g., In re Stone Energy Corporation*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-36390 (MI) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Dec. 20, 2016), ECF No. 138; *In re Sherwin Alumina Co.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-20012 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Sept. 26, 2016), ECF No. 76; *In re LINN Energy, LLC*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-60040 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 13, 2016), ECF No. 89 (same); *In re Midstates Petroleum Co.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-32237 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 2, 2016), ECF No. 73 (same); *In re Energy XXI LTD*, No. 16-31928 (DRJ) (Bankr. S. D. Tex. April 15, 2016), ECF No. 66 (same); *In re Buccaneer Resources, LLC*, Ch. 11 Case No. 14-60041 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. June 4, 2015), ECF No. 42 (same). Accordingly, the Court should approve the Carve Out.

#### C. The Automatic Stay Should Be Modified to a Limited Extent

- 27. The relief requested herein contemplates a modification of the automatic stay to permit the Debtors and each of the Prepetition Secured Parties to perform the transactions and actions contemplated or permitted by the Interim Order. *See* Interim Order ¶ 12. The Interim Order further provides that, upon the occurrence of the Termination Date, the automatic stay will be modified and vacated to the extent necessary to permit the Prepetition Agent to exercise the rights and remedies available under the Prepetition Loan Documents, the Interim Order or applicable law, including, without limitation, foreclosing upon and selling all or a portion of the Prepetition Collateral or Collateral in order to collect any amounts payable to the Prepetition Secured Parties pursuant to the Interim Order.
- 28. Stay modifications of this kind are typically approved by courts when requested in connection with a debtor's request to use Cash Collateral. *See, e.g., In re Sherwin Alumina Co.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-20012 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Sept. 26, 2016), ECF No. 76 (order approving postpetition financing and use of cash collateral modifying the automatic stay to the extent necessary to effectuate the terms of interim cash collateral order and, upon the occurrence of an event of default, to exercise all rights and remedies provided for in the order and under applicable law); *In re Sandridge Energy, Inc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-32488 (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 18, 2016), ECF No. 84 (same); *In re LINN Energy, LLC*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-60040 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 13, 2016), ECF No. 89 (order approving use of cash collateral providing for same); *In re Midstates Petroleum Co.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-32237 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 2, 2016), ECF No. 73 (same); *In re Buccaneer Resources, LLC*, Ch. 11 Case No. 14-60041 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. June 4, 2015), ECF No. 42 (same); *see also In re Atlas Resource Partners, L.P.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 15-12149 (SHL), ECF No. 42 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Aug. 1, 2016) (same); *In re Samson Res. Corp.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 15-11934 (CSS) (Bankr. D. Del. Sept.

25, 2015); *In re The Great Atl. & Pac. Tea Co., Inc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 15-23007 (RDD) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. July 21, 2015), ECF No. 88; *In re Chassix Holdings, Inc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 15-10578 (MW) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Mar. 13, 2015), ECF No. 67.

29. Here, the stay relief provisions are a reasonable exercise of the Debtors' business judgment, are appropriate under the present circumstances, and, accordingly, should be approved.

#### D. Interim Relief Is Warranted

30. Under Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b), the Court may grant interim relief under section 363(c) of the Bankruptcy Code where, as here, such relief is "necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the estate pending a final hearing." In evaluating requests for interim relief, courts generally apply the same business judgment standard applicable to other business decisions. See, e.g., In re Ames Dep't Stores, Inc., 115 B.R. at 40. Courts in this district routinely authorize debtors to use Cash Collateral on an interim basis to prevent immediate and irreparable harm to their estates. See, e.g., In re Stone Energy Corporation, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-36390 (MI) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Dec. 20, 2016), ECF No. 138 (approving debtors' use of cash collateral on an interim basis); In re Sherwin Alumina Co., Ch. 11 Case No. 16-20012 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. Sept. 26, 2016), ECF No. 76 (same); In re LINN Energy, LLC, Ch. 11 Case No. 16-60040 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 13, 2016), ECF No. 89 (same); In re Midstates Petroleum Co., Ch. 11 Case No. 16-32237 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. May 2, 2016), ECF No. 73 (same); In re Energy XXI LTD, No. 16-31928 (DRJ) (Bankr. S. D. Tex. April 15, 2016), ECF No. 66 (same); In re Buccaneer Resources, LLC, Ch. 11 Case No. 14-60041 (DRJ) (Bankr. S.D. Tex. June 4, 2015), ECF No. 42 (same); see also In re Atlas Resource Partners, L.P., Ch. 11 Case No. 15-12149 (SHL), ECF No. 42 (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Aug. 1, 2016) (same); In re The Great Atl. & Pac. Tea Co., Ch. 11 Case No. 10-24549 (RDD) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Dec. 13,

2010), ECF No. 43 (same); *In re The Reader's Digest Assoc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 09-23529 (RDD) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Aug. 26, 2009), ECF No. 26 (same); *In re Tronox Inc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 09-10156 (MEW) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Jan. 13, 2009), ECF No. 46 (same); *In re Lyondell Chem. Co.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 09-10023 (REG) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Jan. 8, 2009), ECF No. 79 (same); *In re Frontier Airlines Holdings, Inc.*, Ch. 11 Case No. 08-11298 (RDD) (Bankr. S.D.N.Y. Aug. 5, 2008), ECF No. 433 (same).

31. Here, the Debtors and their estates will suffer immediate and irreparable harm if the relief requested herein is not granted on an interim basis. The Debtors have insufficient cash to fund their operations and administer these cases without access to Cash Collateral during the Interim Period. Accordingly, the Court should grant the relief requested herein on an interim basis.

#### E. The Court Should Schedule a Final Hearing

32. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b)(2), the Debtors request that the Court schedule a hearing to consider entry of the Final Order. The Debtors request that they be authorized to serve a copy of the signed Interim Order, which fixes the time and date for the filing of objections, if any, by first class mail upon the notice parties listed below and that such notice of the Final Hearing be deemed sufficient under Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b)(3).

#### **Bankruptcy Rule 6003 Has Been Satisfied**

33. Bankruptcy Rule 6003 provides that, to the extent relief is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm, a bankruptcy court may issue an order granting "a motion to use, sell, lease, or otherwise incur an obligation regarding property of the estate, including a motion to pay all or part of a claim that arose before the filing of the petition" before twenty-one days after filing of the petition. Here, the Debtors believe an immediate and orderly transition into chapter 11 is critical to the viability of their business operations. Any delay in granting the

relief requested could hinder the Debtors' business operations and cause irreparable harm to the Debtors' estates, thus threatening the Debtors' ability to reorganize successfully. Accordingly, the Debtors have satisfied the requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 6003.

#### Request for Bankruptcy Rules 4001 and 6004 Waivers

34. The Debtors request a waiver of the notice requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and any stay of the order granting the relief requested herein pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 4001(a)(3) and 6004(h). As explained above and in the Stillwell Declaration, the relief requested herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors. Accordingly, ample cause exists to justify the waiver of the notice requirements under Bankruptcy Rule 6004(a) and the 14-day stay imposed by Bankruptcy Rules 4001(a)(3) and 6004(h), to the extent such stay applies.

#### **Notice**

appointed in these chapter 11 cases. Notice of this Motion has been provided to (i) the Office of the United States Trustee for the Southern District of Texas; (ii) the Debtors' 30 largest unsecured creditors on a consolidated basis; (iii) the Prepetition Agent; (iv) Linklaters LLP, 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10105 (Attn: Margot Schonholtz, Esq. and Penelope Jensen, Esq.) as counsel to the Prepetition Agent; (v) Vinson & Elkins LLP, 2001 Ross Avenue, Suite 3700, Dallas, Texas 75201 (Attn: Paul Heath, Esq. and Bradley Foxman, Esq.) as counsel to the Prepetition Agent; (vi) Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10017 (Attn: Brian Resnick, Esq. and Angela Libby, Esq.) as counsel to the ad hoc group of unsecured noteholders; (vii) Wilmington Trust, National Association, as successor trustee under (a) that certain *Indenture*, dated as of April 17, 2013, for the issuance of 7 5/8% Senior Notes due 2021, as amended and supplemented, and (b) that certain *Indenture*, dated as of

July 17, 2014, for the issuance of 6 7/8% Senior Notes due 2022, as amended and supplemented; (viii) Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, 180 Maiden Lane, New York, New York 10038 (Attn: Erez E. Gilad, Esq.) as counsel to Wilmington Trust, National Association; (ix) the Securities and Exchange Commission; (x) the Internal Revenue Service; (xi) the United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of Texas; and (xii) those persons who have formally appeared in these chapter 11 cases and requested service pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002.

36. In addition to the foregoing, notice of this Motion and any order entered hereon will be served on all parties required by Local Rule 9013-1(d) (collectively, with the parties listed in the preceding paragraph, the "Notice Parties"). Based on the urgency of the circumstances surrounding this Motion and the nature of the relief requested herein, the Debtors respectfully submit that no further notice is required.

WHEREFORE the Debtors respectfully request entry of the proposed Interim

Order granting the relief requested herein and such other and further relief as the Court may

deem just and appropriate

Dated: January 16, 2017 Houston, Texas

/s/ Alfredo R. Pérez

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP Alfredo R. Pérez (15776275) 700 Louisiana Street, Suite 1700 Houston, Texas 77002

Telephone: (713) 546-5000 Facsimile: (713) 224-9511

-and-

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP Gary T. Holtzer (*pro hac vice* pending) Joseph H. Smolinsky (*pro hac vice* pending) 767 Fifth Avenue New York, New York 10153 Telephone: (212) 310-8000

Telephone: (212) 310-8000 Facsimile: (212) 310-8007

Proposed Attorneys for the Debtors and Debtors in Possession

#### **Certificate of Service**

I hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing document was served by the Electronic Case Filing System for the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas, and will be served as set forth in the Affidavit of Service to be filed by the Debtors' proposed claims, noticing, and solicitation agent.

/s/ Alfredo R. Pérez

WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP Alfredo R. Pérez (15776275) 700 Louisiana Street, Suite 1700 Houston, Texas 77002

Telephone: (713) 546-5000 Facsimile: (713) 224-9511

#### Exhibit A

**Proposed Interim Order** 

## IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

	········
In re:	
	Chapter 11
MEMORIAL PRODUCTION PARTNER	S, )
L.P., <i>et al.</i> <sup>1</sup>	) Case No. []
Debtors.	(Igint Administration Requested)
Debiois.	) (Joint Administration Requested)
	<i>J</i>

INTERIM ORDER PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 361, 362, 363 AND 507, BANKRUPTCY RULES 2002, 4001, 6003, 6004, AND 9014 AND BANKRUPTCY LOCAL RULE 4001-1, INTER ALIA, (I) AUTHORIZING DEBTORS' LIMITED USE OF CASH COLLATERAL, (II) GRANTING ADEQUATE PROTECTION TO THE PREPETITION SECURED PARTIES, (III) MODIFYING THE AUTOMATIC STAY, AND (IV) SCHEDULING A FINAL HEARING

Upon the motion (the "Motion"), dated January [\_\_\_], 2017 (the "Petition Date"), of Memorial Production Partners LP ("MEMP") and its debtor affiliates, as debtors and debtors in possession (collectively, the "Debtors") in the above-captioned chapter 11 cases (collectively, these "Cases"), pursuant to sections 105, 361, 362, 363 and 507 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code"), Rules 2002, 4001, 6003, 6004, and 9014 of the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure (the "Bankruptcy Rules"), Rule 4001-1 of the Bankruptcy Local Rules for the Southern District of Texas (the "Bankruptcy Local Rules"), and the Procedures for Complex Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Cases (the "Complex Case Procedures")

The Debtors in these Cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, are: Memorial Production Partners LP (6667); Memorial Production Partners GP LLC; MEMP Services LLC (1887); Memorial Production Operating LLC; Memorial Production Finance Corporation (3356); WHT Energy Partners LLC; WHT Carthage LLC; Memorial Midstream LLC; Beta Operating Company, LLC; Columbus Energy LLC; Rise Energy Operating LLC; Rise Energy Minerals LLC; Rise Energy Beta, LLC; San Pedro Bay Pipeline Company (1234); and Memorial Energy Services LLC. The Debtors' mailing address is 500 Dallas Street, Suite 1600, Houston, Texas 77002.

promulgated by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas (the "Court"), seeking, among other things:

- (a) authorization for the Debtors, pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105, 361, 362, 363 and 507 to (i) use cash collateral, as such term is defined in section 363(a) of the Bankruptcy Code ("<u>Cash Collateral</u>"), and all other Prepetition Collateral (as defined herein), solely in accordance with the terms of this order (this "<u>Interim Order</u>"), and (ii) provide adequate protection to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent (the "<u>Prepetition Agent</u>") under the Prepetition Credit Agreement (as defined herein) and the other Prepetition Secured Parties (as defined herein);
- (b) subject to entry of the Final Order (as defined herein), authorization to grant adequate protection liens on the proceeds and property recovered in respect of the Debtors' claims and causes of action (but not on the actual claims and causes of action) arising under Bankruptcy Code sections 544, 545, 547, 548, 549 and 550 or any other similar state or federal law (collectively, the "Avoidance Actions");
- (c) modification of the automatic stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code to the extent necessary to implement and effectuate the terms and provisions of this Interim Order and the Final Order;
- (d) subject to entry of the Final Order, except to the extent of the Carve Out (as defined herein), the waiver of all rights to surcharge any Prepetition Collateral or Collateral (as defined herein) under sections 506(c) or 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable principle of equity or law;
- (e) that this Court hold an interim hearing (the "<u>Interim Hearing</u>") to consider the relief sought in the Motion and entry of the proposed Interim Order;
- (f) that this Court schedule a final hearing (the "<u>Final Hearing</u>") to consider entry of a final order (the "<u>Final Order</u>") granting the relief requested in the Motion on a final basis; and
- (g) waiver of any applicable stay with respect to the effectiveness and enforceability of the Interim Order or the Final Order (including a waiver pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 6004(h));

and pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001, Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, and the Complex Case Procedures, notice of the Motion and the relief sought at the Interim Hearing having been given by the Debtors to the Prepetition Agent, counsel to the Prepetition Agent, the other Prepetition Secured Parties, the Debtors' thirty (30) largest unsecured creditors (on a consolidated basis),

the indenture trustee under the Debtors' 7.625% senior notes due 2021 (the "7.625% Senior Notes Trustee"), counsel to the 7.625% Senior Notes Trustee, the indenture trustee under the Debtors' 6.875% senior notes due 2022 (the "6.875% Senior Notes Trustee," and together with the 7.625% Senior Notes Trustee, the "Senior Notes Trustees"), counsel to the 6.875% Senior Notes Trustee, the United States Trustee for the Southern District of Texas (the "United States Trustee"), the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, the United States Internal Revenue Service, and otherwise as set forth in the Motion; and the Court having held the Interim Hearing on , 2017; and the Court having considered the Budget (as defined herein), the Declaration of Robert L. Stillwell, Jr. in Support of the Debtors' Chapter 11 Petitions and First Day Relief filed on the Petition Date, and the record of the Interim Hearing; and the Court having determined that the legal and factual bases set forth in the Motion establish just cause for the relief granted herein; and it appearing that the relief requested in the Motion is in the best interests of the Debtors and their respective estates and creditors; and the Court having found and determined that the relief sought in the Motion on the terms and conditions contained herein is necessary to avoid immediate and irreparable harm to the Debtors and their estates as contemplated by Bankruptcy Rule 6003; and due deliberation and good cause having been shown to grant the relief sought in the Motion,

#### IT IS HEREBY FOUND AND DETERMINED THAT:

A. **Petition Date**. On the Petition Date, each of the Debtors filed a voluntary petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code with the Court. The Debtors continue to operate their businesses and manage their properties as debtors in possession pursuant to sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Bankruptcy Code. No trustee or examiner has been appointed in these Cases.

B. **Prepetition Credit Agreement.** Prior to the Petition Date, the Prepetition Secured Parties made certain loans and other financial accommodations pursuant to and in accordance with the terms and conditions of that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (as heretofore amended, restated, or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Prepetition Credit Agreement," and, together with all other documentation executed in connection therewith, including the Guaranty Agreement, the Prepetition Collateral Documents (as such terms are defined herein) and the other Loan Documents (as such term is defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement), the "Prepetition Loan Documents"), among, inter alia, Memorial Production Operating LLC (the "Borrower"), as borrower, MEMP, as parent guarantor, the Prepetition Agent, and the lenders from time to time party thereto (such lenders, the "Prepetition Secured Lenders," and, together with the Prepetition Agent, the "Issuing Bank", and each "Bank Products Provider", "Secured Swap Provider" and "Indemnified Party" (as such terms are defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement), collectively, the "Prepetition Secured Parties"). Pursuant to that certain Guaranty Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (as amended, modified (by joinder thereto or otherwise) or otherwise supplemented from time to time, the "Guaranty Agreement"), the Debtors, other than the Borrower, guaranteed the Indebtedness (as such term is defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement), including the obligations of the Borrower under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the other Prepetition Loan Documents.

C. **Debtors' Admissions and Stipulations With Respect to the Prepetition Indebtedness**. Without prejudice to the rights, if any, of any other party (but subject to the limitations thereon described herein in paragraph 17), the Debtors admit, stipulate and agree that:

- i. As of the Petition Date, the Debtors were justly and lawfully indebted and liable, without defense, counterclaim, or offset of any kind, to the (w) Prepetition Secured Lenders in the aggregate principal amount of approximately \$454,798,614 in respect of loans and other financial accommodations made and in the aggregate face amount of \$2,375,000 in respect of letters of credit issued by the Issuing Bank pursuant to, and in accordance with, the Prepetition Loan Documents, (x) Secured Swap Providers in amounts yet to be determined, (y) Bank Products Providers in amounts yet to be determined, and (z) Indemnified Parties in amounts yet to be determined, plus accrued and unpaid interest, fees, costs, and expenses including, without limitation, attorney's fees, agent's fees, other professional fees and disbursements and other obligations owing under the Prepetition Loan Documents (collectively, the "Prepetition Indebtedness"). Each of the Prepetition Loan Documents is valid, binding, and subject to applicable bankruptcy law, enforceable against the Debtors in accordance with its terms.
- ii. The Prepetition Indebtedness constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligations of the Debtors, enforceable, subject to applicable bankruptcy law, in accordance with their terms, and no portion of the Prepetition Indebtedness or any amounts paid to the Prepetition Secured Parties or applied to the obligations owing under the Prepetition Loan Documents prior to the Petition Date is subject to avoidance, subordination (whether equitable or otherwise), recharacterization, recovery, attack, offset, contest, objection, recoupment, reclassification, reduction, disallowance, counterclaim, defense, challenge or Claim (as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code) of any kind pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law, and the Debtors do not have any claims, counterclaims, causes of action, defenses or setoff rights related to the Prepetition Indebtedness, whether arising under the Bankruptcy Code or applicable nonbankruptcy law, on or prior to the date hereof, against the Prepetition Agent, any of the other Prepetition Secured Parties, or their respective affiliates, subsidiaries, agents, officers, directors, employees, attorneys, and advisors.

# D. **Debtors' Admissions and Stipulations With Respect to Prepetition**Collateral and Liens. Without prejudice to the rights, if any, of any other party (but subject to the limitations thereon described herein in paragraph 17), the Debtors admit, stipulate and agree that:

i.

Pursuant to (a) that certain Pledge and Security Agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (as heretofore amended, restated, or otherwise modified (including by joinder thereto) from time to time) by the Borrower and the Guarantors (as defined in the Prepetition Loan Documents) in favor of the Prepetition Agent, and (b) certain mortgages, deeds of trust, assignment of asextracted collateral, security agreements, uncertificated control agreements, fixture filing and financing statements, deposit account control agreements and similar security documents entered into by any Loan Party (as defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement) in respect of substantially all of the real and personal property owned by such Loan Party (each of (a) and (b) as heretofore amended, restated or otherwise modified from time to time, and, collectively with any and all other agreements, instruments, certificates, fixture filings, transmitting utility filings, financing statements, consents, assignments or other similar documents, the "Prepetition Collateral Documents"), subject only to specific permitted exceptions in the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the other Prepetition Loan Documents, the Debtors granted, and the Prepetition Agent, for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties, possesses, valid, binding, perfected and enforceable first priority liens upon, and security interests in, substantially all of the real and personal property of the Borrower and the other Loan Parties, all as more fully described in the Prepetition Collateral Documents, including, without limitation, all accounts, chattel paper, cash or cash equivalents, deposit accounts, securities accounts, commodity accounts, and other investment accounts, documents, equipment, farm products, fixtures, general intangibles (including, without limitation, rights in and under any contracts, including interest rate hedging agreements, commodity hedging agreements and similar agreements), patents, copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, rights under license agreements and other intellectual property, goods, instruments, inventory, investment property, letters of credit, letter of credit rights and supporting obligations, accounts receivable, other rights to payment, payment intangibles, oil, gas, and other hydrocarbons, as-extracted collateral and products and substances derived therefrom (including all raw materials and work-in-process, finished goods, and materials used or consumed in the manufacture or production thereof), owned real estate, real property leaseholds, oil and gas leases, claims and causes of action and any other real or personal property of the Debtors, and, in each case, the cash and noncash proceeds, products, offspring, rents, profits, insurance proceeds, and other rights arising therefrom (collectively, including the Cash Collateral and the setoff rights described in the Prepetition Loan Documents, the

- Swap Agreements (as defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement), or arising by operation of law, collectively, the "Prepetition Collateral") to secure the Prepetition Indebtedness. As of the Petition Date, there were no security interests in or liens on the Prepetition Collateral other than as permitted by the Prepetition Loan Documents, and there were certain unmortgaged oil and gas leases.
- ii. The Prepetition Agent's first priority liens upon, and security interests in, the Prepetition Collateral, for the ratable benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties, are not subject to avoidance, subordination (whether equitable or otherwise), recharacterization, recovery, attack, offset, contest, objection, recoupment, reclassification, reduction, disallowance, counterclaim, defense, challenge or Claim (as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code) of any kind pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law.
- iii. As of the Petition Date, the aggregate value of the Prepetition Collateral exceeds the aggregate amount of the Prepetition Indebtedness.
- E. Debtors' Admissions and Stipulations With Respect to Cash Collateral. Without prejudice to the rights, if any, of any other party (but subject to the limitations thereon described herein in paragraph 17), the Debtors admit, stipulate and agree that, to the extent of the Prepetition Secured Parties' respective security interests in such Prepetition Collateral, all cash, including all cash proceeds, products, offspring, rents and profits of the Prepetition Collateral held in any of the Debtors' banking, checking or other deposit accounts with financial institutions (in each case, other than trust, escrow and custodial funds held as of the Petition Date in properly established trust, escrow and custodial accounts) as of the Petition Date or deposited into the Debtors' banking, checking or other deposit accounts with financial institutions after the Petition Date (including deposits into accounts opened before or after the Petition Date), are Cash Collateral of the Prepetition Secured Parties within the meaning of section 363(a) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Prepetition Secured Parties are entitled, pursuant to sections 105, 361, 362 and 363(e) of the Bankruptcy Code, to adequate protection of their

interest in the Prepetition Collateral, including the Cash Collateral, for any Collateral Diminution (as defined herein).

F. Releases. Subject to the entry of the Final Order and without prejudice to the rights of any other party (but subject to the limitations thereon described herein in paragraph 17), each of the Debtors and the Debtors' estates, on its own behalf and on behalf of its past, present and future predecessors, successors, heirs, subsidiaries, and assigns, hereby, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, unconditionally, irrevocably and fully, forever waives and releases the Prepetition Agent and each of the other Prepetition Secured Parties, and each of their respective former, current, or future officers, employees, directors, agents, representatives, owners, members, partners, financial advisors, legal advisors, shareholders, managers, consultants, accounts, attorneys, affiliates, and predecessors in interest of any and all Claims (as defined in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code), counterclaims, causes of action, defenses or setoff rights that exist on the date hereof relating to any of the Prepetition Collateral and any of the Prepetition Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated under such documents, whether known, unknown, asserted, unasserted, suspected, unsuspected, accrued, unaccrued, fixed, contingent, pending or threatened, arising at law or in equity, including, without limitation, any so-called "lender liability," recharacterization, subordination, avoidance or other claim arising under or pursuant to section 105 or chapter 5 of the Bankruptcy Code or under any other similar provisions of applicable state or federal law and any and all claims and causes of action regarding the validity, priority, perfection or avoidability of the liens or the claims of the Prepetition Agent and the other Prepetition Secured Parties. Subject to paragraph 17 hereof, the Debtors' acknowledgements, stipulations, and releases shall be binding on the Debtors and their respective representatives, successors and assigns, and, on each of the Debtors'

estates, all creditors thereof and each of the respective representatives, successors and assigns, including, without limitation, any trustee or other representative appointed in these Cases, whether any such trustee or representative is appointed in chapter 7 or chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.

- G. Need to Use Cash Collateral. The Debtors have requested immediate entry of this Interim Order pursuant to Bankruptcy Rules 4001(b)(2), 6003, and 6004, Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, and the Complex Case Procedures and have an immediate need to use the Cash Collateral (in the amount and in the manner set forth in the Budget (as defined herein) for working capital purposes, other general corporate purposes of the Debtors, and the satisfaction of costs and expenses of administering the Cases) to, among other things, avoid immediate and irreparable harm to their estates and preserve and maintain the value of their assets and businesses and maximize value for the benefit of all parties in interest in these Cases. The terms of the use of the Prepetition Collateral pursuant to this Interim Order are fair and reasonable, reflect the Debtors' exercise of prudent business judgment and constitute reasonably equivalent value and fair consideration. The ability of the Debtors to obtain liquidity through the use of the Cash Collateral is vital to the Debtors and their efforts to maximize the value of their assets. Absent entry of this Interim Order, the Debtors' estates and reorganization efforts will be immediately and irreparably harmed.
- H. **Notice**. Notice of the requested relief sought at the Interim Hearing was provided by the Debtors to: (1) the Prepetition Agent, (2) counsel to the Prepetition Agent, (3) the other Prepetition Secured Parties, (4) the Debtors' thirty (30) largest unsecured creditors (on a consolidated basis), (5) Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, as counsel to that certain ad hoc group of unsecured noteholders in these Cases (the "Ad Hoc Group"); (6) the 7.625% Senior Notes

Trustee; (7) Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, as counsel to the 7.625% Senior Notes Trustee, (8) the 6.875% Senior Notes Trustee, (9) Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, as counsel to the 6.875% Senior Notes Trustee, (10) the United States Trustee, (11) the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, (12) the United States Internal Revenue Service, and (13) otherwise as set forth in the Motion. Given the nature of the relief sought, the foregoing notice of the Interim Hearing was, in the Debtors' good-faith belief, the best available under the circumstances and complies with Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 4001(b) and (d) and 9014, Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, the Complex Case Rules, and section 102(1) of the Bankruptcy Code as required by sections 361 and 363 of the Bankruptcy Code. No further notice of, or hearing on, the relief sought at the Interim Hearing and the relief granted herein is necessary or required.

- I. Consent by Prepetition Agent. The Prepetition Agent consents to the Debtors' use of Cash Collateral in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions provided for in this Interim Order.
- J. **Jurisdiction and Venue**. Consideration of the Motion constitutes a "core proceeding" as defined in 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2). This Court has jurisdiction over this proceeding and the parties and property affected hereby pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334 and the *Order of Reference to Bankruptcy Judges*, General Order 2012-6 (S.D. Tex. May 24, 2012) (Hinojosa, C.J.). Venue for these Cases and the proceedings on the Motion is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409.
- K. Relief Essential; Best Interest. The Debtors have requested immediate entry of this Interim Order pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(b)(2), Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, and the Complex Case Procedures. The relief requested in the Motion (and as provided in this Interim Order) is necessary, essential and appropriate for the continued operation of the

Debtors' businesses and the management and preservation of the Debtors' assets and the property of their estates. It is in the best interest of the Debtors' estates that the Debtors be allowed to use the Cash Collateral under the terms hereof. The Debtors have demonstrated good and sufficient cause for the relief granted herein.

L. Arm's-Length, Good-Faith Negotiations. The terms of this Interim Order were negotiated in good-faith and at arm's-length between the Debtors and the Prepetition Secured Parties. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Code sections 105, 361, and 363, the Prepetition Secured Parties are hereby found to be entities that have acted in "good faith" in connection with the negotiation and entry of this Interim Order, and each is entitled to the protection provided under Bankruptcy Code section 363(m).

NOW, THEREFORE, UPON THE RECORD OF THE PROCEEDINGS HERETOFORE HELD BEFORE THIS COURT WITH RESPECT TO THE MOTION, THE EVIDENCE ADDUCED AT THE INTERIM HEARING, AND THE STATEMENTS OF COUNSEL THEREAT, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. **Motion Granted**. The Motion is granted in accordance with the terms of this Interim Order. Any objections to the Motion with respect to the entry of this Interim Order that have not been withdrawn, waived or settled and all reservations of rights included therein, are hereby denied and overruled.
- 2. **Authorization to Use Cash Collateral**. Subject to the terms and conditions of this Interim Order, the Court hereby authorizes the Debtors to use the Cash Collateral during the period beginning with the Petition Date and ending on the Termination Date (as defined herein) (such period, the "Budget Period"), in accordance with the 13-week cash disbursements and receipts budget (which budget shall include a 13-week forecast of

transaction costs and capital expenditures) attached as Exhibit A hereto (as such budget may be modified from time to time by the Debtors with the prior written consent of the Prepetition Agent as set forth in this paragraph and in paragraph 3(f)(v) of this Interim Order, the "Budget"), and for no other purposes. Notwithstanding the Budget, so long as the Termination Date has not occurred, the Debtors are authorized to use Cash Collateral in accordance with this Interim Order in an amount that would not cause the Debtors to use Cash Collateral for (x) disbursements and capital expenditures on line items 4-8 of the Budget (the "Total Disbursements"), taken together, in an aggregate amount not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the Total Disbursements budgeted during the Budget Period then in effect, and (y) actual expenditures of the Debtors for each line item in the Budget (other than the Total Disbursements) in an amount not to exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the budgeted amount for each such line item during the Budget Period (each of (x) and (y), a "Permitted Deviation"); provided, however, that with respect only to clause (y) of this paragraph, in the event that the forecasted amount of Total Disbursements in the Budget exceeds the amount actually paid in respect of Total Disbursements during such Budget Period (the difference between the budgeted amount and the amount actually paid, the "Carry Forward Amount"), the Debtors shall be authorized to use Cash Collateral in the Carry Forward Amount toward Total Disbursements during any Subsequent Budget Period (as defined herein). The Prepetition Agent may, in its sole discretion, agree in writing to the use of the Cash Collateral (i) in a manner or amount which does not conform to the Budget (other than Permitted Deviations) (each such approved non-conforming use of Cash Collateral, a "Non-Conforming Use") or (ii) for the period following the extension of the Expiration Date pursuant to paragraph 9(ii) of this Interim Order (such period, the "Subsequent Budget Period"). If such written consent is given, the Debtors shall be authorized pursuant to this Interim Order to expend Cash Collateral for

any such Non-Conforming Use or any such Subsequent Budget Period in accordance with a subsequent Budget (a "Subsequent Budget") without further Court approval, and the Prepetition Secured Parties shall be entitled to all of the protections specified in this Interim Order for any such use of Cash Collateral. The Debtors shall provide prompt notice of any amendment to the Budget, Non-Conforming Use, Subsequent Budget Period and Subsequent Budget to the Ad Hoc Group, the Senior Notes Trustees, the official committee of unsecured creditors appointed in these Cases (the "Committee"), if any, and the United States Trustee.

- 3. Adequate Protection for the Prepetition Secured Parties. In addition to all the existing security interests and liens granted to or for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties in and with respect to the Prepetition Collateral, including the Cash Collateral, as adequate protection for, and to secure payment of an amount equal to any Collateral Diminution (as defined herein), and as an inducement to the Prepetition Secured Parties to permit the Debtors' use of the Cash Collateral as provided for in this Interim Order:
  - (a) Adequate Protection Liens. Effective as of the Petition Date and in each case perfected without the necessity of the execution by the Debtors (or recordation or other filing) of security agreements, control agreements, pledge agreements, financing statements, mortgages or other similar documents, or by possession or control, the Debtors hereby grant the following security interests and liens to the Prepetition Agent, for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties, (all property identified in clauses (i) and (ii) of this paragraph 3(a) being collectively referred to as the "Collateral") (all such liens and security interests, the "Adequate Protection Liens"):
    - i. Liens Senior to Other Liens. A valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, fully-perfected first priority senior priming security interest in, and lien on, the Prepetition Collateral and all other of the Debtors' now owned and hereafter-acquired real and personal property, assets and rights of any kind or nature, wherever located, including, without limitation, all property of the Debtors' estates, and the proceeds, products, offspring, rents and profits thereof, whether arising from section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy

Code or otherwise, including, without limitation, oil and gas properties (and as-extracted collateral, goods, fixtures and hydrocarbons relating thereto), accounts receivable, other rights to payment, cash, inventory, general intangibles, contracts, servicing rights, receivables, securities, chattel paper, owned real estate, real property leaseholds, fixtures, machinery, equipment, deposit accounts, patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade names, rights under license agreements and other intellectual property, claims and causes of action (including those arising under section 549 of the Bankruptcy Code) and all proceeds, products, offspring, rents and profits of the foregoing, other than causes of action arising under the Bankruptcy Code (including all Avoidance Actions) and the proceeds thereof, which Adequate Protection Liens, subject to entry of the Final Order, shall have recourse to the proceeds or property recovered in respect of any Avoidance Actions. The Adequate Protection Liens shall be senior in priority to any other security interests or liens, subject only to (a) the Carve Out, (b) valid, perfected and enforceable prepetition liens and security interests (if any) which are senior in priority to the Prepetition Secured Parties' liens or security interests as of the Petition Date, and (c) valid and unavoidable liens in existence immediately prior to the Petition Date that are perfected subsequent to the Petition Date as permitted by section 546(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

- ii. Liens Junior to Existing Liens. A valid, binding, continuing, enforceable, fully-perfected junior-priority lien on and security interest in all prepetition and postpetition property of the Debtors (other than the property described in clause (i) of this paragraph 3(a)), whether now existing or hereafter acquired, that is subject to (a) the Carve Out, (b) valid, perfected and unavoidable liens (if any) in existence immediately prior to the Petition Date which are senior to the Prepetition Secured Parties' liens or security interests, and (c) valid and unavoidable liens in existence immediately prior to the Petition Date that are perfected subsequent to the Petition Date as permitted by section 546(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- (b) Adequate Protection Claims. The Debtors hereby grant to the Prepetition Agent, for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties, an allowed superpriority administrative expense claim against each of the Debtors on a joint and several basis with priority over any and all other administrative expense claims

against the Debtors now existing or hereafter arising in the Cases (subject only to the Carve Out), including all claims of the kind specified under sections 503(b) and 507(b) of the Bankruptcy Code (the "Adequate Protection Claims"), which administrative expense claim shall have recourse to and be payable from all prepetition and postpetition property of the Debtors including, without limitation, subject to entry of the Final Order, the proceeds or property recovered in respect of any Avoidance Actions.

- Adequate Protection Payments. The Debtors are authorized and (c) directed to pay to the Prepetition Agent, for the ratable benefit of the Prepetition Secured Lenders, adequate protection payments on the last business day of each calendar month after the entry of this Interim Order, in each case, in an amount equal to all accrued and unpaid prepetition and postpetition interest, fees and costs due and payable under the Prepetition Credit Agreement (including, without limitation, interest on loans, breakage costs and accrued fees owing to the Prepetition Agent), and, in each case, such payments shall (i) (A) during the first ninety (90) days after the Petition Date, be paid in cash at the LIBOR Market Index Rate (as defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement) plus 3.25% (collectively, the "LIBOR Index Rate"), and (B) on the ninety-first (91st) day after the Petition Date and thereafter, be paid in cash at the Alternate Base Rate (as defined in the Prepetition Credit Agreement) plus 2.25% (collectively, the "ABR Rate"), and (ii) so long as the RBL Plan Support Agreement (as defined below) has not been terminated, the Prepetition Secured Lenders' claims for the difference between the ABR Rate and the interest paid in cash at the LIBOR Index Rate (the "Rate Differential") shall be waived on the Plan Effective Date (as defined in the RBL Plan Support Agreement); provided, however, that the Prepetition Agent and the other Prepetition Secured Parties reserve all rights to seek cash payment of the Rate Differential and/or additional interest from and after the Petition Date on the Prepetition Indebtedness at the post-default rate of two percent (2%) as provided in Section 3.02(c) of the Prepetition Credit Agreement in the event that the RBL Plan Support Agreement is terminated, and the Debtors reserve the right to object to such claims.
- (d) Other Covenants. The Debtors shall maintain their cash management arrangements in a manner consistent with the interim order granting the Emergency Motion of Debtors Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105(a), 345(b), 363(b)(1), 363(c)(1), and 364(a) and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 6003 and 6004 for (I) Interim and Final Authority to (a) Continue Existing Cash Management System, (b) Maintain Business Forms and Existing Bank Accounts, (c) Continue Intercompany Arrangements, and (d) Continue Using

Corporate Payment Cards; (ii) Extension of Time to Comply with, or Seek Waiver of, the Requirements of 11 U.S.C. § 345(b); and (iii) Related Relief entered or to be entered substantially contemporaneously herewith. The Debtors shall not use, sell or lease any assets valued in excess of \$5,000,000 in the aggregate outside the ordinary course of business, or seek authority of this Court to do any of the foregoing, without prior consultation with the Prepetition Agent at least five (5) days prior to the date on which the Debtors seek the authority of this Court for such use, sale or lease. The Debtors shall comply with the covenants contained in Sections 8.06 and 8.07 of the Prepetition Credit Agreement regarding the maintenance and insurance of the Prepetition Collateral and the Collateral. The Debtors shall provide draft copies of all material motions, applications, and other documents any Debtor intends to file with the Bankruptcy Court to the Prepetition Agent's counsel, if reasonably practicable, at least two (2) calendar days before the date when the applicable Debtor intends to file any such motion, application or other document (and if not reasonably practicable, as soon as practicable before filing).

Fees and Expenses. As additional adequate protection, the (e) Debtors shall pay indefeasibly in cash: (i) within one business day after entry of this Interim Order, the reasonable and documented professional fees, expenses and disbursements (including, but not limited to, the fees, expenses and disbursements of counsel and other consultants, including financial consultants and auditors) incurred by the Prepetition Agent under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the other Prepetition Loan Documents arising prior to the Petition Date; (ii) the reasonable and documented professional fees, expenses and disbursements (including, but not limited to, the fees, expenses and disbursements of counsel and other consultants, including financial consultants and auditors) incurred by the Prepetition Agent under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the other Prepetition Loan Documents arising subsequent to the Petition Date; and (iii) the documented legal fees, expenses and disbursements incurred by (A) the other Prepetition Secured Parties under the Prepetition Credit Agreement and the other Prepetition Loan Documents prior to the Petition Date and arising subsequent to the Petition Date and (B) the Consenting Lenders and the Continuing Hedging Lenders under the RBL Plan Support Agreement (as defined herein) incurred on or prior to the date of termination of the RBL Plan Support Agreement, in each case to the extent such legal fees, expenses and disbursements are reasonable in light of the circumstances and in comparison to other Prepetition Secured Parties, Consenting Lenders, or Continuing Hedging Lenders, as applicable (other than the Prepetition Agent). The payment of the fees, expenses and

disbursements set forth in this paragraph 3(e) of this Interim Order (including, without limitation, the reasonable and documented professional fees and expenses of Linklaters LLP, Vinson & Elkins LLP, Opportune LLP, and any other professionals or advisors retained by or on behalf of the Prepetition Agent) shall be made within ten (10) business days after the receipt by the Debtors, counsel to the Committee, if any, and the United States Trustee (and the Prepetition Agent, in the case of the legal fees, expenses and disbursements of the other Prepetition Secured Parties as set forth in paragraph 3(e)(iii) above) (the "Review Period") of invoices thereof (the "Invoiced Fees") (subject in all respects to applicable privilege or work product doctrines) and without the necessity of filing formal fee applications, including such amounts arising before and after the Petition Date; provided, however, that the Debtors, the Committee, if any, and the United States Trustee may preserve their right to dispute the payment of any portion of the Invoiced Fees (the "Disputed Invoiced Fees") if, within the Review Period, (i) the Debtors pay in full the Invoiced Fees, including the Disputed Invoiced Fees, and (ii) the Debtors or the United States Trustee file with the Court a motion or other pleading, on at least ten (10) days prior written notice to the Prepetition Agent of any hearing on such motion or other pleading, setting forth the specific objections to the Disputed Invoiced Fees.

- (f) **Reporting**. As additional adequate protection to the Prepetition Secured Parties, the Debtors shall comply with all reporting requirements set forth in the Prepetition Credit Agreement (including the timely provision of Engineering Reports pursuant to Section 2.07 of the Prepetition Credit Agreement and Reserve Reports pursuant to Section 8.12 thereof) and shall provide the following additional reporting to the Prepetition Agent:
  - i. Weekly (or more or less frequently as may be agreed to between the Debtors and the Prepetition Agent) calls with the Prepetition Agent and its advisors;
  - ii. Each update of the Debtors' business plan promptly following its presentation to the Debtors' board of directors together with a reconciliation to the prior business plan;
  - iii. Presentations by the Debtors and/or their advisors to the Prepetition Secured Parties at times and places as the Prepetition Agent may reasonably request in writing (including via electronic mail) with reasonable prior notice;
  - iv. Promptly, but in any event no later than the twentieth (20th) day of each calendar month, a report as of the last

day of the preceding calendar month, in form and detail acceptable to the Prepetition Agent, of (a) the Debtors' accounts payable and payments, and (b) all written demands or claims related to or asserting any liens in respect of property or assets of the Borrower or any Loan Party (including liens imposed by law, such as landlord's, vendors', suppliers', carriers', warehousemen's, repairmen's, construction contractors', workers' and mechanics' liens and other similar liens) if the amount demanded or claimed exceeds \$2,500,000 in the aggregate at any one time and such amounts are not being paid in the ordinary course of the Debtors' business;

- (A) On or before the twentieth (20<sup>th</sup>) day of each calendar v. month, an updated rolling 13-week cash flow forecast of the Debtors and their subsidiaries substantially in the form of the Budget (each, a "Proposed Budget"), which Proposed Budget, upon written approval by the Prepetition Agent, shall become the Budget effective as of the first day of the following calendar month, and (B) on or before the Wednesday of each calendar week, (1) a weekly report of receipts, disbursements and a reconciliation of actual expenditures and disbursements with those set forth in the Budget for the prior week, on a line by line basis showing any variance to the proposed corresponding line item of the Budget, which report and reconciliation shall be in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Prepetition Agent, (2) an accounts payable aging and an accounts receivable aging through the Friday of the prior week, (3) a statement setting forth in reasonable detail the cash balance for each deposit account, securities account, and commodity account of the Debtors and their subsidiaries as of the previous Friday, and (4) an updated report of authorized expenditures versus actual expenditures through the Friday of the prior week;
- vi. Additional detail with respect to the Budget as requested by the Prepetition Agent consistent with the detail provided to the Prepetition Secured Parties prior to the Petition Date;
- vii. Promptly, and in any event no later than the thirtieth (30th) day of each month, beginning with the year to date period ended December 31, 2016, a monthly and year-to-date income statement, balance sheet and monthly and year-to-date detail of capital expenditures and workovers;

- viii. (A) A list of all Swap Agreements of the Debtors in place as of the first business day of the month, to be provided by the tenth (10<sup>th</sup>) business day of such month, which list contains the material terms thereof (including type, term, effective date, termination date and notional amounts or volumes and volumes), the net mark-to-market value therefor and the counterparty to each such agreement, and (B) information on any Swap Agreement terminated or unwound within one (1) business day after such Swap Agreement is terminated or unwound;
- ix. Within two (2) business days of receipt, copies of any proposals, term sheets or any other indications of interest received by the Debtors for the purchase of any assets of the Debtors:
- x. All written reports provided to the Senior Notes Trustees, the Ad Hoc Group, the Committee, if any, the United States Trustee, or any other party in interest in the Cases promptly after providing the reports to such party;
- xi. Notice of any Noteholder Termination Event or Memorial Termination Event (as such terms are defined in the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement) with respect to the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement promptly after the Debtors provide or receive such notice, as applicable; and
- xii. Such other reports and information as the Prepetition Agent may reasonably request.
- (g) Swap Agreements. The Debtors shall not (i) change the material terms of any Swap Agreement, (ii) terminate or unwind any Swap Agreement, or (iii) create any off-setting positions in respect of any hedge positions under any such Swap Agreement (whether evidenced by a floor, put or Swap Agreement), or seek authority of this Court to do any of the foregoing, without the prior written consent of the Prepetition Agent. If any Debtor receives cash proceeds as a result of any change to the material terms of any Swap Agreement, any termination or unwinding of any Swap Agreement, or creation of any off-setting positions in respect of any hedge positions under any Swap Agreement (whether evidenced by a floor, put or Swap Agreement), then, the Debtors shall pay such cash proceeds within one (1) business day following receipt thereof to the Prepetition Agent, which cash proceeds shall be applied to reduce permanently the Prepetition Indebtedness; provided, however, that any monthly or other scheduled payments

- to the Debtors under any Swap Agreements that have not been terminated shall constitute Cash Collateral.
- (h) Asset Sales; Application of Proceeds. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Prepetition Agent in writing, all sales, transfers, exchanges and other dispositions (including casualty and condemnation events) of Collateral shall be in exchange for 100% cash consideration, 100% of the net proceeds of which shall be deposited in an account of the Debtors held with the Prepetition Agent and shall be applied to reduce permanently the Prepetition Indebtedness; provided that, if the Debtors sell or dispose of any Collateral valued in excess of \$5,000,000 in the aggregate outside of the ordinary course of business, in the sole discretion of the Prepetition Agent and consistent with the Prepetition Agent's normal and customary oil and gas lending criteria as it exists at the particular time, the Prepetition Agent may automatically reduce the borrowing base under the Exit Credit Facility in the amount determined to be the borrowing base value attributable to such sold or disposed Collateral.
- 4. **Collateral Diminution**. For purposes of this Interim Order, "Collateral Diminution" shall mean an amount equal to the decrease in the value of the Prepetition Collateral (including Cash Collateral) from and after the Petition Date, resulting from the use, sale or lease of the Prepetition Collateral (including Cash Collateral), or the imposition of the automatic stay.
- Claims. Except to the extent of the Carve Out, the Adequate Protection Liens and Adequate Protection Claims granted to the Prepetition Secured Parties pursuant to paragraph 3 of this Interim Order shall not be subject or junior to any lien or security interest that is avoided and preserved for the benefit of the Debtors' estates under section 551 of the Bankruptcy Code and shall not be subordinated to or made *pari passu* with any lien, security interest or administrative claim under section 364 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise; *provided* that the Debtors shall not create, incur or suffer to exist any postpetition liens or security interests other than: (i) those granted pursuant to this Interim Order, (ii) those granted pursuant to the interim and final orders

granting the Emergency Motion of Debtors Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. §§ 105, 362, 363 and 364, Bankruptcy Rules 2002, 4001, 6003, 6004, and 9014, and Bankruptcy Local Rule 4001-1, for Interim and Final Orders (I) Authorizing the Debtors to Enter into Amended and Restated Swap Agreements and Honor Obligations Thereunder, (II) Granting Liens and Superpriority Claims, and (III) Granting Related Relief (such orders, the "Hedging Orders"), and (iii) carriers', mechanics', operator's, warehousemen's, repairmen's or other similar liens having a value of less than \$5,000,000 in the aggregate at any one time (excluding any such lien for which the underlying claim is paid in the ordinary course of the Debtors' business and does not have any past due amounts).

6. Carve Out. As used in this Interim Order, "Carve Out" means the sum of: (i) all fees required to be paid to the Clerk of the Court and to the United States Trustee under section 1930(a) of title 28 of the United States Code plus statutory interest, if any, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. § 3717; plus (ii) fees and expenses up to \$50,000 incurred by a trustee under section 726(b) of the Bankruptcy Code; plus (iii) all allowed unpaid fees and expenses (whether allowed before or after the delivery of a Carve Out Notice (as defined herein), and whether allowed by interim order, procedural order, or otherwise) incurred by persons or firms retained by the Debtors or the Committee, if any, appointed in these Cases pursuant to sections 327, 328, 330, 331 or 363 of the Bankruptcy Code (any such persons or firms, collectively, the "Professionals") at any time before the first business day following delivery by the Prepetition Agent (via electronic mail, overnight delivery or hand delivery) to MEMP's Chief Financial Officer, counsel to the Debtors, the United States Trustee, and counsel to the Ad Hoc Group of a written notice (the "Carve Out Notice"), which notice may be delivered at any time following the occurrence of the Termination Date stating that the Termination Date has occurred;

and (iv) the allowed fees and expenses (whether allowed by interim order, procedural order, or otherwise) of the Professionals in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$2,500,000 (the "Post-Carve Out Notice Cap") incurred after the first business day following delivery by the Prepetition Agent of the Carve Out Notice as set forth above; provided that (x) the Carve Out shall not be available to pay the fees or expenses of any Professional incurred in connection with the initiation or prosecution of any claims, causes of action, adversary proceedings or other litigation against the Prepetition Agent or the Prepetition Secured Parties; (y) the Carve Out shall not be reduced by the payment of fees and expenses of the Professionals incurred prior to the delivery of a Carve Out Notice and allowed at any time by this Court and payable under section 327, 328, 330, 331 or 363 of the Bankruptcy Code; and (z) without prejudice to the rights of the Professionals or the Debtors to contest any such objection, nothing in this Interim Order shall be construed to impair the ability of any party to object to any fees, expenses, reimbursements or compensation sought by any Professional.

7. **Postpetition Lien Perfection**. Without the necessity of the filing of financing statements, security agreements, federal or state notices, pledge agreements, intellectual property filings, deeds of trust, recordings, mortgages or other documents or instruments or taking possession or control of any Collateral, this Interim Order shall be sufficient evidence of the Prepetition Secured Parties' perfected security interests and liens granted in the Collateral pursuant to this Interim Order. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Debtors are authorized to, and shall, upon request of the Prepetition Agent, execute such documents including, without limitation, mortgages, pledges and financing statements and to use Cash Collateral to pay such costs and expenses as may be reasonably requested by the Prepetition Agent to provide further evidence of the perfection of the Prepetition Secured

Parties' security interests and liens in the Collateral as provided for herein. The Prepetition Agent is hereby authorized, but not required, to file or record such documents in any jurisdiction in order to validate the liens and security interests granted to the Prepetition Agent, for the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties under this Interim Order, and the automatic stay shall be modified to allow such filings. A certified copy of this Interim Order may, in the discretion of the Prepetition Agent, be filed with or recorded in filing or recording offices in addition to or in lieu of such financing statements, security agreements, federal or state notices, pledge agreements, intellectual property filings, deeds of trust, recordings, mortgages, or other documents or instruments, and all filing offices are hereby authorized to accept such certified copy of this Interim Order for filing and recording. All such documents recorded and filed in accordance with this paragraph shall be deemed to have been recorded and filed as of the Petition Date notwithstanding the date of any such recording or filing.

8. Inspection Rights. In addition to, and without limiting, whatever rights to access the Prepetition Secured Parties and any other professionals or advisors retained by or on behalf of the Prepetition Secured Parties have under their respective Prepetition Loan Documents, upon reasonable notice during normal business hours, the Debtors shall permit representatives, agents and employees of the Prepetition Secured Parties, including, without limitation, any other professionals or advisors retained by or on behalf of any of the Prepetition Secured Parties, to (i) have access to and inspect and copy the Debtors' books and records, including all records and files of the Debtors pertaining to the Prepetition Collateral, (ii) have access to and inspect the Debtors' properties, and (iii) discuss the Debtors' affairs, finances, and condition with the Debtors' officers and financial advisors.

- 9. **Termination**. The Debtors' right to use the Cash Collateral pursuant to this Interim Order shall terminate (the date of any such termination, the "Termination Date") without further notice or court proceeding on the earliest to occur of: (i) the date that is forty (40) days after the Petition Date if the Final Order has not been entered by this Court on or before such date, (ii) the date that is ninety (90) days after the Petition Date (the "Expiration Date"); provided that, with the consent of the Debtors and the Prepetition Agent, in the exercise of their respective sole discretion, the Expiration Date may be extended without further Court approval upon the filing of a notice on the docket of the Cases setting forth the new Expiration Date; (iii) the occurrence of any of the events set forth in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), (i), (j), (k), (l), (m), or (o) below; and (iv) five (5) business days following the delivery of a written notice (any such notice, a "Default Notice") by the Prepetition Agent to the Debtors, counsel to the Debtors, the United States Trustee, counsel to the Committee, if any, counsel to the Senior Notes Trustees, and counsel to the Ad Hoc Group of a Default Notice (any such five-business-day period of time, the "Default Notice Period") of the occurrence and continuance of any of the events set forth in clauses (e), (f), (g), (h), or (n) below unless such occurrence and continuance is cured by the Debtors prior to the expiration of the Default Notice Period with respect to such clause or such occurrence and continuance is waived by the Prepetition Agent in its sole discretion; provided that, during the Default Notice Period, the Debtors shall be entitled to continue to use the Cash Collateral in accordance with the terms of this Interim Order:
  - (a) The entry of an order or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking entry of an order dismissing these Cases or converting these Cases to cases under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code;
  - (b) The entry of an order granting relief from the automatic stay imposed by section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code to any entity other than the Prepetition Agent or the Prepetition Secured Parties with respect to the Prepetition Collateral or the Collateral having an

- aggregate value in excess of \$2,000,000 without the written consent of the Prepetition Agent, which consent may be withheld in its sole discretion;
- (c) The appointment or election of, or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking the appointment or election of, a trustee, examiner with expanded powers, or any other representative with expanded powers relating to the operation of the businesses in the Cases;
- (d) The occurrence of the effective date or consummation date of a chapter 11 plan for the Debtors;
- (e) The failure by the Debtors to make any payment required pursuant to this Interim Order when due;
- (f) The failure by the Debtors to deliver to the Prepetition Agent any of the documents or other information required to be delivered pursuant to this Interim Order when due or any such documents or other information shall contain a material misrepresentation;
- (g) The failure by the Debtors to adhere to the Budget or Subsequent Budget, as applicable, except, in each instance, with respect to Permitted Deviations or Non-Conforming Uses;
- (h) The failure by the Debtors to observe or perform any of the material terms or material provisions contained herein;
- (i) The Debtors shall create, incur or suffer to exist any postpetition liens or security interests other than: (i) those granted pursuant to this Interim Order, (ii) those granted pursuant to the Hedging Orders, and (iii) carriers', mechanics', operator's, warehousemen's, repairmen's or other similar liens having a value of less than \$5,000,000 in the aggregate at any one time (excluding any such lien for which the underlying claim is paid in the ordinary course of the Debtors' business and does not have any past due amounts);
- (j) The Debtors shall create, incur or suffer any other claim which is *pari passu* with or senior to the Adequate Protection Claims (other than the claims granted pursuant to the Hedging Orders);
- (k) The filing by any Debtor of any motion, pleading, application or adversary proceeding challenging the validity, enforceability, perfection or priority of the liens securing the Prepetition Indebtedness or asserting any other cause of action against and/or with respect to the Prepetition Indebtedness, the Prepetition Collateral securing the Prepetition Indebtedness or any of the

- Prepetition Secured Parties (or if the Debtors support any such motion, pleading, application or adversary proceeding commenced by any third party);
- (l) The sale or transfer of any assets of any Debtor, or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking approval of the sale or transfer, of any Collateral other than in accordance paragraphs 3(d) and 3(h) of this Interim Order;
- (m) The termination of that certain Plan Support Agreement, dated as of January 13, 2017, among the Debtors and the Prepetition Secured Parties (the "RBL Plan Support Agreement");
- (n) The termination of that certain Plan Support Agreement, dated as of December 22, 2016, among the Debtors and certain holders of Senior Notes (the "Noteholder Plan Support Agreement"); or
- (o) The entry of an order or the filing of a motion by any of the Debtors seeking entry of an order reversing, staying, vacating or otherwise modifying in any material respect the terms of this Interim Order, without the consent of the Prepetition Agent.

Each of subparagraph (a) through (o) is referred to herein as a "Termination Event." On and after the Termination Date, the Debtors shall immediately cease using Cash Collateral and the Prepetition Agent may in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Interim Order, absent further order of the Court, exercise the rights and remedies available under the Prepetition Loan Documents, this Interim Order or applicable law, including, without limitation, foreclosing upon and selling all or a portion of the Prepetition Collateral or Collateral in order to collect any amounts payable to the Prepetition Secured Parties pursuant to this Interim Order and apply the same to such obligations. The automatic stay under section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code shall be deemed modified and vacated to the extent necessary to permit such actions. In any hearing regarding any exercise of rights or remedies, the only issues that may be raised by any of the Debtors in opposition thereto shall be (x) whether, in fact, the Termination Date shall have occurred and (y) what is the quantum of the Collateral Diminution. Nothing in this Interim Order shall prohibit any party from seeking non-consensual use of Cash Collateral on a hearing

on shortened notice following the Termination Date or during the Default Notice Period; provided that the Prepetition Agent and the other Prepetition Secured Parties reserve all rights to oppose such relief on any and all grounds. Any delay or failure of any of the Prepetition Secured Parties to exercise rights under any Prepetition Loan Document or this Interim Order shall not constitute a waiver of their respective rights hereunder, thereunder or otherwise. Notwithstanding the occurrence of the Termination Date or anything herein, all of the rights, remedies, benefits and protections provided to the Prepetition Secured Parties under this Interim Order shall survive the Termination Date.

- 10. **Limitation on Charging Expenses Against Collateral**. Subject to entry of the Final Order, all rights to surcharge any Prepetition Collateral or Collateral under section 506(c) of the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable principle of equity or law shall be and are hereby finally and irrevocably waived, and such waiver shall be binding upon the Debtors and all parties in interest in the Cases.
- Prepetition Agent for itself or on behalf of any other Prepetition Secured Party pursuant to the provisions of this Interim Order or any subsequent order of the Court shall be irrevocable and indefeasible, received free and clear of any claim, charge, assessment or other liability, including, without limitation, subject to entry of the Final Order, any such claim or charge arising out of or based on, directly or indirectly, sections 506(c) (whether asserted or assessed by, through or on behalf of the Debtors) or 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 12. Reservation of Rights of the Prepetition Secured Parties. This Interim Order and the transactions contemplated hereby shall be without prejudice to (i) the rights of the Prepetition Secured Parties to seek additional or different adequate protection,

move to vacate the automatic stay, move for the appointment of a trustee or examiner, move to dismiss or convert these Cases, or to take any other action in these Cases and to appear and be heard in any matter raised in these Cases, and (ii) any and all rights, remedies, claims and causes of action which the Prepetition Agent or the Prepetition Secured Parties may have against any non-Debtor party liable for the Prepetition Indebtedness. For all purposes throughout the Cases, the Prepetition Secured Parties shall be deemed to have requested relief from the automatic stay and adequate protection as of the Petition Date. For the avoidance of doubt, such request shall survive termination of this Interim Order.

- 13. **Modification of Automatic Stay**. The Debtors are authorized to, and upon request of the Prepetition Agent, shall perform all acts and to make, execute and deliver any and all instruments as may be reasonably necessary to implement the terms and conditions of this Interim Order and the transactions contemplated hereby. The stay of section 362 of the Bankruptcy Code is hereby modified to permit the Debtors and each of the Prepetition Secured Parties to perform the transactions and actions contemplated or permitted by this Interim Order.
- valid and binding upon, and inure to the benefit of the Prepetition Secured Parties to the extent and as set forth herein, the Debtors, all creditors of the Debtors, all other parties in interest, and all of their respective successors and assigns (including any chapter 7 or chapter 11 trustee hereafter appointed or elected for the estate of any of the Debtors, any examiner appointed pursuant to section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code, or any other fiduciary appointed as a legal representative of any of the Debtors or with respect to the property of the estate of any of the Debtors) from and after the entry of this Interim Order. The terms and provisions of this

Interim Order, as well as the priorities in payments, liens, and security interests granted pursuant to this Interim Order shall bind any trustee hereafter appointed for the estate of any of the Debtors, whether in these Cases or in the event of conversion of any of the Cases to a liquidation under chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code and shall survive any such conversion, confirmation or consummation of any plan(s) of reorganization or liquidation, or dismissal of the Cases under section 1112 of the Bankruptcy Code or otherwise. Such binding effect is an integral part of this Interim Order. Notwithstanding any reversal, stay, modification or vacatur of this Interim Order, any indebtedness, obligation or liability incurred by the Debtors pursuant to this Interim Order arising prior to the Prepetition Agent's receipt of notice of the effective date of such reversal, stay, modification or vacatur shall be governed in all respects by the original provisions of this Interim Order and shall remain subject to the protections afforded under the Bankruptcy Code.

- 15. Adequate Protection Payments. The adequate protection payments made pursuant to this Interim Order, including, without limitation, payments of interest and fees, shall not be subject to counterclaim, setoff, subordination, recharacterization, defense or avoidance in the Cases or any subsequent chapter 7 cases (other than a defense that the payment has actually been made); provided, however, that all parties in interest other than the Debtors reserve the right to seek recharacterization of such adequate protection payments as payments of principal, and the Prepetition Agent and the other Prepetition Secured Parties reserve all rights to oppose any such request.
- 16. **No Liability to Third Parties**. None of the Prepetition Agent or the Prepetition Secured Parties shall owe any fiduciary duty to the Debtors, their respective creditors, shareholders or estates, and, subject to entry of the Final Order, none of the Prepetition Agent or the Prepetition Secured Parties shall be deemed to be: (i) in "control" of the operations

of the Debtors, or (ii) acting as a "Responsible Person" or "Owner" or "Operator" with respect to the operation or management of the Debtors (as such terms or similar terms are used in the United States Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 or any similar federal or state statute).

17. Reservation of Certain Third Party Rights and Bar of Challenge and Claims. (a) The Debtors' admissions and releases contained in paragraphs C, D, E, and F of this Interim Order: (i) shall be binding upon the Debtors for all purposes; and (ii) shall be binding upon all other parties in interest for all purposes unless (1) a party (subject in all respects to any agreement or applicable law which may limit or affect such entities' right or ability to do so) has properly filed an adversary proceeding or contested matter by no later than the date that is (i) in the case of any party in interest other than members of the Ad Hoc Group, the earlier of (a) the last day for filing objections to confirmation of a chapter 11 plan in any of the Cases and (b) sixty (60) days from the date of entry of this Interim Order (the earlier of such date, the "Challenge Deadline"); or (ii) in the case of the members of the Ad Hoc Group, only if the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms, the earlier of (a) the last day for filing objections to confirmation of a chapter 11 plan in any of the Cases and (b) ten (10) days following termination of the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement, (x) challenging the amount, validity, enforceability, priority or extent of the Prepetition Indebtedness or the Prepetition Secured Parties' security interests in and liens upon the Prepetition Collateral, or (y) otherwise asserting any claims or causes of action against the Prepetition Secured Parties on behalf of the Debtors' estates, and (2) the Court rules in favor of the plaintiff in any such timely and properly filed adversary proceeding or contested matter. If no such adversary proceeding or contested matter is properly filed as of such date or the Court does not rule in favor of the

plaintiff in any such proceeding (which ruling on standing, if appealed, shall not stay or otherwise delay the Cases or confirmation of any plan of reorganization), then: (a) the Debtors' admissions and releases contained in paragraphs C, D, E, and F of this Interim Order shall be binding on all parties in interest; (b) the obligations of the Debtors under the Prepetition Loan Documents shall constitute allowed claims for all purposes in the Cases, and any subsequent chapter 7 cases; (c) the Prepetition Secured Parties' security interests in and liens upon the Prepetition Collateral shall be deemed to have been, as of the Petition Date, legal, valid, binding, and perfected first priority security interests and liens, not subject to recharacterization, subordination or otherwise avoidable; and (d) the Prepetition Indebtedness and the Prepetition Secured Parties' security interests in and liens upon the Prepetition Collateral shall not be subject to any other or further challenge by any party in interest seeking to exercise the rights of the Debtors' estates, including, without limitation, any successor thereto. If any such adversary proceeding or contested matter is properly filed as of such dates, the Debtors' admissions and releases contained in paragraphs C, D, E, and F of this Interim Order shall nonetheless remain binding and preclusive (as provided in the second sentence of this paragraph) except to the extent that such admissions and releases were expressly challenged in such adversary proceeding or contested matter. Nothing contained in this Interim Order shall be deemed to grant standing to any party to commence any such adversary proceeding or contested matter.

(b) **Limitation on Use of Cash Collateral**. The Debtors shall use Cash Collateral on a consensual basis solely as provided in this Interim Order. Notwithstanding anything herein or in any other order of the Court to the contrary, no Cash Collateral may be used to: (a) initiate, litigate, object, contest, or raise any defense to the validity, perfection, priority, extent, or

enforceability of the Prepetition Indebtedness, or the liens or claims granted under this Interim Order or the Prepetition Loan Documents, (b) initiate, litigate, assert any claims, defenses or causes of action against the Prepetition Agent or the other Prepetition Secured Parties or their respective agents, affiliates, representatives, attorneys, or advisors, (c) seek to modify any of the rights granted to the Prepetition Agent or other Prepetition Secured Parties in this Interim Order or the Prepetition Loan Documents without the Prepetition Agent's consent, (d) prevent, hinder or otherwise delay the Prepetition Agent's assertion, enforcement, or realization on the Cash Collateral or the Collateral in accordance with the Prepetition Loan Documents or this Interim Order, or (e) pay any amount on account of claims arising prior to the Petition Date unless such payments are approved by an order of this Court and are in accordance with the Budget or such payments are made to the Prepetition Agent or the Prepetition Secured Parties in accordance with the terms of this Interim Order or the Hedging Orders. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no more than \$50,000 of the Prepetition Collateral, Collateral, Cash Collateral, or the Carve Out, in the aggregate, may be used by the Committee, if any, to investigate, prior to the Challenge Deadline, the claims and liens of the Prepetition Secured Parties on the Prepetition Collateral.

shall constitute findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall take effect and be fully enforceable *nunc pro tunc* to the Petition Date immediately upon entry hereof. Notwithstanding Bankruptcy Rules 6004, 7062 or 9014 or any other Bankruptcy Rule, or Rule 62(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, this Interim Order shall be immediately effective and enforceable upon its entry, and there shall be no stay of execution or effectiveness of this Interim Order.

- 19. **No Impact on Certain Contracts or Transactions.** No rights of any entity in connection with a contract or transaction of the kind listed in sections 555, 556, 559, 560 and 561 of the Bankruptcy Code, whatever they might or might not be, are affected by the provisions of this Interim Order.
- 20. **Proofs of Claim**. Neither the Prepetition Agent nor any of the Prepetition Secured Parties will be required to file proofs of claim in any of the Cases or successor cases, and the Debtors' stipulations in paragraphs C, D, E, and F herein shall be deemed to constitute a timely filed proof of claim against the applicable Debtors. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Prepetition Agent (on behalf of itself and the other Prepetition Secured Parties) is hereby authorized and entitled, but not required, in its sole discretion, to file (and amend and/or supplement) a master proof of claim for any claims of the Prepetition Secured Parties arising from the applicable Prepetition Loan Documents; *provided* that nothing herein shall waive the right of any Prepetition Secured Party to file its own proofs of claim against the Debtors.
- 21. **Section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code**. The Prepetition Agent and the Prepetition Secured Parties shall each be entitled to all of the rights and benefits of section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and, subject to entry of the Final Order, the "equities of the case" exception under section 552(b) of the Bankruptcy Code shall not apply to the Prepetition Agent and the Prepetition Secured Parties with respect to proceeds, products, offspring, rents and profits of any of the Prepetition Collateral or the Collateral.
- 22. **BANA Building Carve Out**. Notwithstanding any provision in this Interim Order to the contrary, in no event shall Bank of America, N.A. ("<u>BANA</u>") obtain the benefit of any Adequate Protection Liens on Collateral that constitutes a building or manufactured (mobile) home (each a "Building"), in each case until such time as BANA notifies

the Prepetition Agent and the applicable Debtors that it has elected to obtain the benefit of Adequate Protection Liens on Collateral that constitutes a Building following confirmation by the Prepetition Agent, the applicable Debtors or BANA's determination that all applicable flood insurance regulation requirements have been satisfied. Upon such notice, BANA shall automatically obtain the benefit of any Adequate Protection Liens on Collateral that constitutes a Building without the need for further action by any party.

- 23. **No Marshaling**. Neither the Prepetition Agent nor the Prepetition Secured Parties shall be subject to the equitable doctrine of "marshaling" or any other similar doctrine with respect to any of the Prepetition Collateral or Collateral, as applicable.
- Plan Support Agreement has not been terminated and (ii) the Termination Date has not occurred, the Debtors are authorized to pay the reasonable and documented fees and out of pocket expenses of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, and Miller Buckfire & Co., LLC, as advisors to the Ad Hoc Group, whether such fees were incurred prior to or after the Petition Date. The payment of the fees and expenses set forth in this paragraph 24 of this Interim Order shall be made within ten (10) business days after the receipt by the Debtors, counsel to the Committee, if any, the Prepetition Agent, the Senior Notes Trustees, and the United States Trustee (the "Ad Hoc Group Review Period") of invoices thereof (the "Ad Hoc Group Invoiced Fees") (subject in all respects to applicable privilege or work product doctrines) and without the necessity of filing formal fee applications, including such amounts arising before and after the Petition Date; provided, however, that the Debtors, the Committee, if any, the Prepetition Agent, the Senior Notes Trustees, or the United States Trustee may preserve their right to dispute the payment of any portion of the Invoiced Fees (the "Ad Hoc Group Disputed").

Invoiced Fees") if, within the Ad Hoc Group Review Period, (i) the Debtors pay in full the Ad Hoc Group Invoiced Fees, including the Ad Hoc Group Disputed Invoiced Fees, and (ii) such objecting party files with the Court a motion or other pleading, on at least ten (10) days prior written notice to the Ad Hoc Group of any hearing on such motion or other pleading, setting forth the specific objections to the Ad Hoc Group Disputed Invoiced Fees.

- 25. **Reporting to the Ad Hoc Group**. So long as (i) the Noteholder Plan Support Agreement has not been terminated and (ii) the Termination Date has not occurred, the Debtors shall provide the Ad Hoc Group with all reporting materials and other rights provided by the Debtors to the Prepetition Agent under the second sentence of paragraph 3(d) and paragraph 3(f) of this Interim Order (subject to any applicable confidentiality restrictions).
- 26. **Headings**. The headings in this Interim Order are for purposes of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the meaning of this Interim Order.
- 27. **Retention of Jurisdiction**. The Court has and will retain jurisdiction to enforce this Interim Order.
- 28. **Final Hearing**. The Final Hearing on the Motion is scheduled for [\_\_\_\_], at [\_\_\_\_] before this Court.
- Objections. The Debtors shall promptly mail copies of this Interim Order to the parties having been given notice of the Interim Hearing and to any other party which has filed a request for notices in the Cases. Any party in interest objecting to the relief sought at the Final Hearing shall submit any such objection in writing and file same with the Court (with a courtesy copy to Chambers) and serve such objection on the following parties so as to be received no later than 4:00 p.m. (Central Time) on [\_\_\_\_\_], 2017: (i) proposed counsel to the Debtors, Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP, 767 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York 10153,

Attn: Gary T. Holtzer, Esq. and Joseph H. Smolinsky, Esq.; (ii) Linklaters LLP, 1345 Avenue of the Americas, New York, New York 10105, Attention: Margot B. Schonholtz, Esq., Penelope J. Jensen, Esq., and Christopher J. Hunker, Esq., Attorneys for the Prepetition Agent; (iii) Vinson & Elkins LLP, 2001 Ross Avenue, Suite 3700, Dallas, TX 75201-2975, Attorneys for the Prepetition Agent, (iv) Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, 450 Lexington Avenue, New York, New York 10017, Attention: Brian M. Resnick, Esq. and Angela M. Libby, Esq., Attorneys for the Ad Hoc Group; (v) Norton Rose Fulbright US LLP, 1301 McKinney, Suite 5100, Houston, Texas 77010-3095, Attention: William Greendyke, Esq., Attorneys for the Ad Hoc Group; (vi) Stroock & Stroock & Lavan LLP, 180 Maiden Lane, New York, New York 10038-4982, Attention: \_\_\_\_\_\_], Attorneys for the Senior Notes Trustees; and (vi) the United States Trustee for the Southern District of Texas, Attention: \_\_\_\_\_\_], Esq.

Dated: Houston, Texas \_\_\_\_\_\_\_], 2017

THE HONORABLE [\_\_\_\_]
UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE

# Exhibit A

Budget

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		Current	Filing											.=	Emergence	
Lin	e	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	Total
No	. Week Ending	1/13/2017	1/20/2017	1/27/2017	2/3/2017	2/10/2017	2/17/2017	2/24/2017	3/3/2017	3/10/2017	3/17/2017	3/24/2017	3/31/2017	4/7/2017	4/14/2017	1/20 -4/14
1	Total Production Revenue	0	6,751	23,062	2,500	0	1,518	25,123	8,000	0	1,606	22,618	8,000	0	0	99,178
2	Total Hedge Settlements	96,672	0	0	761	2,606	0	0	777	2,481	0	0	0	3,240	0	9,866
3	Total Other Receipts	63	249	249	1,699	249	1,578	249	249	249	249	249	249	249	7,379	13,147
	Total Receipts	96,735	7,000	23,311	4,961	2,855	3,096	25,372	9,027	2,730	1,855	22,867	8,249	3,490	7,379	122,191
4	Total Production Expenses	(9,587)	(2,718)	(5,448)	(5,892)	(3,260)	(2,391)	(7,506)	(5,793)	(2,619)	(2,405)	(7,392)	(5,854)	(2,219)	(3,419)	(56,918)
5	Total Capital Expenditures	(138)	(850)	(831)	(831)	(831)	(831)	(831)	(854)	(854)	(854)	(854)	(854)	(854)	(854)	(10,986)
6	Total G&A	(2,720)	(250)	(707)	(510)	(307)	(1,010)	(307)	(1,010)	(307)	(1,010)	(307)	(1,010)	(307)	(1,010)	(8,052)
7	Total Other Expenses	(150)	(3,000)	(1,000)	(1,450)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2,300)	(7,750)
	Operating Payments	(12,595)	(6,818)	(7,987)	(8,683)	(4,399)	(4,232)	(8,645)	(7,657)	(3,781)	(4,269)	(8,553)	(7,718)	(3,381)	(7,583)	(83,705)
8	Transaction Costs	(6,594)	(550)	(550)	(3,040)	(800)	(1,500)	(800)	(2,415)	(300)	(1,000)	(300)	(750)	(875)	(15,769)	(28,649)
	Total Disbursements	(19,189)	(7,368)	(8,537)	(11,723)	(5,199)	(5,732)	(9,445)	(10,072)	(4,081)	(5,269)	(8,853)	(8,468)	(4,256)	(23,352)	(112,354)
	Net Cash Flow Prior to Financing Activities	77,546	(368)	14,774	(6,762)	(2,344)	(2,636)	15,927	(1,045)	(1,351)	(3,414)	14,014	(219)	(766)	(15,973)	9,837
	Debt Service															
9	revolver interest and other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(4,717)	0	0	(4,717)
10	,	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(24,600)	(24,600)
11	Revolver Activity	(56,853)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2,000)	(2,000)
	Total Net Cash Flow	20,693	(368)	14,774	(6,762)	(2,344)	(2,636)	15,927	(1,045)	(1,351)	(3,414)	14,014	(4,936)	(766)	(42,573)	(21,481)
	n 1 n1	454.500	454.500	454.500	454.500	454.500	454.500	454.500	454 500	454.500	454.500	454 500	454.500	454.500	452 500	
	Revolver Balance	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	454,799	452,799	
	Letters of Credit	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	2,375	
	Credit Exposure	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	455,174	
	Borrowing Base Assumption	457,200	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	457,174	492,500	
	RCF Availability	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37,326	
	Cash on Hand	31,905	31,537	46,311	39,549	37,205	34,569	50,496	49,451	48,100	44,686	58,700	53,764	52,998	10,424	
	Total Liquidity	31,931	31,537	46,311	39,549	37,205	34,569	50,496	49,451	48,100	44,686	58,700	53,764	52,998	47,751	
		01,01	52,65	10,000	,		2 1,2 02	23,55	.,	10,200	11,000		,	0_,,,,	21,100	
	MEMP Ending Cash Balance															
12	Beginning Cash Balance	11,212	31,905	31,537	46,311	39,549	37,205	34,569	50,496	49,451	48,100	44,686	58,700	53,764	52,998	
	Projected Weekly Cash Flow	20,693	(368)	14,774	(6,762)	(2,344)	(2,636)	15,927	(1,045)	(1,351)	(3,414)	14,014	(4,936)	(766)	(42,573)	
	Ending Cash Balance	31,905	31,537	46,311	39,549	37,205	34,569	50,496	49,451	48,100	44,686	58,700	53,764	52,998	10,424	
														, -		

# Exhibit B

**Attorney Checklist** 

# IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

	§	
In re:	§	Chapter 11
	§	-
MEMORIAL PRODUCTION	§	Case No. 17()
PARTNERS LP, et al.,	§	
, ,	§	(Joint Administration Requested)
Debtors. <sup>1</sup>	§	(Emergency Hearing Requested)
	§	

# ATTORNEY CHECKLIST CONCERNING MOTION AND ORDER PERTAINING TO USE OF CASH COLLATERAL

#### CERTIFICATE BY COUNSEL

This is to certify that the following checklist fully responds to the Court's inquiry concerning material terms of the motion and/or proposed order:

Yes, at Page/Exhibit Y means yes; N means no N/A means not applicable (Page Listing Optional)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Debtors in these chapter 11 cases, along with the last four digits of each Debtor's federal tax identification number, as applicable, are: Memorial Production Partners LP (6667); Memorial Production Partners GP LLC; MEMP Services LLC (1887); Memorial Production Operating LLC; Memorial Production Finance Corporation (3356); WHT Energy Partners LLC; WHT Carthage LLC; Memorial Midstream LLC; Beta Operating Company, LLC; Columbus Energy LLC; Rise Energy Operating LLC; Rise Energy Minerals LLC; Rise Energy Beta, LLC; San Pedro Bay Pipeline Company (1234); and Memorial Energy Services LLC. The Debtors' mailing address is 500 Dallas Street, Suite 1600, Houston, Texas 77002.

1. Id	entificat	ion of Proceedings:	
	(a)	Preliminary or final motion/order (circle one)	Preliminary
	(b)	Continuing use of cash collateral (§ 363)	<u>Y</u>
	(c)	New financing (§ 364)	
	(d)	Combination of §§ 363 and 364 financing	N
	(e)	Emergency hearing (immediate and irreparable harm)	
2. St	ipulation	ns:	
	(a)	Brief history of debtor's businesses and status of debtor's prior	
	()	relationships with lender	Y
	(b)	Brief statement of purpose and necessity of financing	
	(c)	Brief statement of type of financing (i.e., accounts receivable,	
	(0)	inventory)	N/A
**	(d)	Are lender's pre-petition security interest(s) and liens deemed valid,	Y, subject
	(u)	fully perfected and non-avoidable	
		(i) Are there provisions to allow for objections to above?	
	(e)	Is there a post-petition financing agreement between lender and	
	(6)	debtor?	. N
		(i) If so, is agreement attached?	N/A
**	(f)	If there is an agreement are lender's post-petition security interests	
		and liens deemed valid, fully perfected and non-avoidable?	. N/A
	(g)	Is lender undersecured or oversecured? (circle one)	
	(h)	Has lender's non-cash collateral been appraised?	
	(*)	(i) Insert date of latest appraisal	
	(i)	Is debtor's proposed budget attached?	
	(j)	Are all pre-petition loan documents identified?	
	(k)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)	Multiple
	(k) (1)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)  Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?	Multiple Y
		Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)	Multiple Y
3 G	(1)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)  Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?	Multiple Y
3. G	(1)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)  Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?	Multiple Y Unlimited
	(1) rant of L (a)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)  Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?	Multiple Y Unlimited
*	(1) rant of L (a) (b)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)  Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?	Multiple Y Unlimited
*	(1) rant of L (a)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one)  Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?	Multiple Y Unlimited N N
*	(1) rant of L (a) (b) (c)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one) Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?  (i) Limited or unlimited? (circle one)  diens: Do post-petition liens secure pre-petition debts?  Is there cross-collaterization?  Is the priority of post-petition liens equal to or higher than existing liens?	Multiple Y Unlimited N N N N/A
* * **	(1) rant of L (a) (b) (c) (d)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one) Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?  (i) Limited or unlimited? (circle one)  diens:  Do post-petition liens secure pre-petition debts?  Is there cross-collaterization?  Is the priority of post-petition liens equal to or higher than existing liens?  Do post-petition liens have retroactive effect?	Multiple Y Unlimited N N N N/A
* * **	(1) rant of L (a) (b) (c)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one) Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?  (i) Limited or unlimited? (circle one)  diens:  Do post-petition liens secure pre-petition debts?  Is there cross-collaterization?  Is the priority of post-petition liens equal to or higher than existing liens?  Do post-petition liens have retroactive effect?  Are there restrictions on granting further liens or liens of equal or	Multiple Y Unlimited N N N N/A N/A
* * **	(1) rant of L (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one) Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?	Multiple Y Unlimited  N N N N/A N/A Y
* * * **	(1) rant of L (a) (b) (c) (d)	Are pre-petition liens on single or multiple assets? (circle one) Are there pre-petition guaranties of debt?  (i) Limited or unlimited? (circle one)  diens:  Do post-petition liens secure pre-petition debts?  Is there cross-collaterization?  Is the priority of post-petition liens equal to or higher than existing liens?  Do post-petition liens have retroactive effect?  Are there restrictions on granting further liens or liens of equal or	Multiple Y Unlimited N N N N/A N/A N/A

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The last borrowing base review occurred in October 2016. The last audited reserves report was prepared in December 2015.

		(ii) Are debtor's attorneys fees excepted from § 506(c)?	N
*			Y, subject
			to entry of
	(g)	Is lender given liens upon proceeds of causes of action under §§	the Final
		544, 547 and 548?	Order
4. A		ative Priority Claims:	<b>3.</b> T/A
	(a)	Is lender given an administrative priority?	
	(b)	Is administrative priority higher than § 507(a)?	N/A
	(c)	Is there a conversion of pre-petition secured claim to post-petition	
		administrative claim by virtue of use of existing collateral?	N
5. A	dequate 1	Protection (§ 361):	
	(a)	Is there post-petition debt service?	Y
	(b)	Is there a replacement/additional 361(1) lien? (circle one or both)	
**	(c)	Is the lender's claim given super-priority? (§ 364(c) or (d))	
	(d)	Are there guaranties?	
	(e)	Is there adequate Insurance coverage?	
	(f)	Other? Others include: (i) payment of attorneys fees and expenses	<u> </u>
	(1)	for counsel for Ad Hoc Group, (ii) maintenance of cash	
		management system, (iii) various reporting obligations,	
		(vi) restrictions on termination of swap agreements and application	
		of proceeds, and (v) certain sales restrictions	Y
		of proceeds, and (v) certain sales restrictions	1
6. V	Vaiver/Re	elease Claims v. Lender:	
	(a)	Debtor waives or release claims against lender, including, but not	
		limited to, claims under §§ 506(c), 544-550, 552, and 553 of the	
**		Code?	Y
**	(b)	Does the debtor waive defenses to claim or liens of lender?	Y
7 \$	ource of	Post-Petition Financing (§ 364 Financing):	
7. 5	(a)	Is the proposed lender also the pre-petition lender?	N/A
	(b)	New post-petition lender?	N/A
	(c)	Is the lender an insider?	
	(0)	is the lender an insider?	IN/A
8. N	<b>I</b> odificati	on of Stay:	
**	(a)	Is any modified lift of stay allowed?	Y
**	(b)	Will the automatic stay be lifted to permit lender to exercise self-	
		help upon default without further order?	Y
	(c)	Are there any other remedies exercisable without further order of	
		court?	Y
	(d)	Is there a provision that any future modification of order shall not	
	. ,	affect status of debtor's post-petition obligations to lender?	Y
0 0	Inaditara,	Committee	
9. C		Committee: Has creditors' committee been appointed?	N
	(a)	TIAS CICUIUIS CUIIIIIIUCC UCCII ADDUIIICU!	IN

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	(b)	Does creditors' committee approve of proposed financing?	. N/A
10. F	Restriction	ns on Parties in Interest:	
**	(a)	Is a plan proponent restricted in any manner, concerning modification of lender's rights, liens and/or causes?	. Y
**	(b)	Is the debtor prohibited from seeking to enjoin the lender in pursuit of rights?	. N
**	(c)	Is any party in interest prohibited from seeking to modify this order?	. N
	(d)	Is the entry of any order conditioned upon payment of debt to	
	(2)	lender?	
	(e)	Is the order binding on subsequent trustee on conversion?	<u> </u>
11.	Nunc Pro	Tunc:	
	(a)	Does any provision have retroactive effect?	. Y
12	Notice an	nd Other Procedures:	
14,	(a)	Is shortened notice requested?	. Y
	(b)	Is notice requested to shortened list?	
	(c)	Is time to respond to be shortened?	
	(d)	If final order sought, have 15 days elapsed since service of motion	
		pursuant to Rule 4001(b)(2)?	. N/A
	(e)	If preliminary order sought, is cash collateral necessary to avoid	
		immediate and irreparable harm to the estate pending a final	. Y
	<b>(f)</b>	hearing?  Certificate of Conference included?	
	(f)	Certificate of Service included?	
	(g) (h)	Is there verification of transmittal to U.S. Trustee included pursuant	, 1
	(11)	to Rule 9034?	. Y
	(i)	Has an agreement been reached subsequent to filing motion?	
	(i)	If so, has notice of the agreement been served pursuant to Rule	
	(ii)	4001(d)(4)?	. N/A
	(11)	(d)(4)?	. N/A
	(iii)	Does the motion afford reasonable notice of material provisions of	NI/A
	(:)	agreement pursuant to Rule 400l(d)(4)?	
	(iv)	Does the motion provide for opportunity for hearing pursuant to	Y, for Final
		Rule 9014?	. Hearing

### SIGNED this the sixteenth day of January, 2017.

### WEIL, GOTSHAL & MANGES LLP

By: /s/ Alfredo R. Pérez

Alfredo R. Pérez

Texas Bar No. 15776275

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Proposed Attorneys for the Debtors and Debtors in Possession